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The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

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VOL. X. NO. 235 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1922. TWO ANNAS.

The Bombay Chronicle

Business Notice.

ALL COMMUNICATIONS intended for publication in the "Bombay Chronicle" must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith. In preparing MSS. for the Press, correspondents are requested to write on one side of the paper only, and to address their communications to the EDITOR, and not to any member of the staff by name. Attention to this rule will save much inconvenience and delay.

In the absence of express agreement to the contrary the copyright of all literary or other contributions published in the "Bombay Chronicle" vests in the Proprietors of the journal.

The Editor cannot undertake to return rejected communications unless a stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed for the purpose.

BUSINESS communications of every kind (advertisements, changes of address, etc.) should be addressed to the MANAGER. Advertisements intended for insertion in the next day's paper should reach the Office not later than 10 a.m.

ALL REMITTANCES should be made payable to the "Bombay Chronicle" and cheques crossed.

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PRINTED AT THE
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Rates according to size required.

SHIPPING

O. S. K. LINE
OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.
REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA STRAITS AND HONGKONG.
Steamer Captain Arrival Departure
S. S. Kamo Maru Capt. Nishi 7th Oct. 15th Oct.
S. S. Kamakura Maru ,, Kawai 21st ,, 1st Nov.
S. S. Kamo Maru ,, Nishi 7th Nov. 10th ,,
S. S. Kamakura Maru ,, Kawai 24th ,, 29th ,,

SHIPPING

P. & O.
AND
BRITISH INDIA
(COMPANIES INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)
MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.
P. AND O. SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.
All Passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

Date.	Steamer.	Tons.
1922		
7th October ..	CALEDONIA	7,982
14th ,, ..	MACEDONIA ‡	11,089
21st ,, ..	DELTA	8,097
28th ,, ..	CHINA	7,983
4th November	KASHMIR	8,941
11th ,, ..	MANTUA ‡	10,902
18th ,, ..	MOREA	10,911
25th ,, ..	MALWA	10,941
2nd December	KAISAR-I-HIND	11,430
9th ,, ..	HARKUNDA *	16,227
16th ,, ..	CALEDONIA	7,982
23rd ,, ..	KAMBALA ‡	9,008 *
30th ,, ..	KENYA	9,007
1923		
6th January ..	MOLDAVIA *	15,100
13th ,, ..	CHINA	7,982
20th ,, ..	MANTUA	10,902
27th ,, ..	MALDERA *	15,825
3rd February.	MALWA	10,941
10th ,, ..	KAISAR-I-HIND	11,430
17th ,, ..	DONGOLA	8,082
24th ,, ..	MACEDONIA *	11,089

* Through steamers from Australia have only limited accommodation for passengers from India.
‡ Through steamers from China.
P. AND O. MARSEILLES SPECIAL TRAIN.—A special train leaves Marseilles for London via Bologne shortly after the mail steamer's arrival.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS TO PORT SAID AND PLYMOUTH.

Date.	Steamer.	Tns.
1922.		
27th October ..	MARGHA	5,288
10th November	MALDA	9,060
24th ,, ..	REVASA	9,071
8th December	MATIANA	8,900
22nd ,, ..	MULDERA	9,180
1923		
5th January ..	MASHOBRA	9,284
19th ,, ..	A steamer	....
2nd February	,,	....
16th ,, ..	,,	....

SAILINGS TO STRAITS AND CHINA.

About		Steamer.	Connects at
9th October		HARKUNDA	Connects at Colombo with Nankin.
,, 27th	,,	SOUDAN	
,, 2nd	November	KASHGAR	
,, 23rd	,,	SICILIA	
,, 18th	December.	MACEDONIA	Connects at Colombo with Hallore.
,, 31st	,,	SOUDAN	
1923			
About 12th	January.	MOREA	Connects at Colombo with Kalyan.
,, 9th	February.	HARKUNDA	Connects at Colombo with Khyber.

SAILINGS TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS

Date.	Steamer.	Tons.
9th October.	HARKUNDA	16,227
6th December	CALEDONIA	16,325
27th December.	MACEDONIA	11,089
24th January.	MOREA	10,911
21st February.	HARKUNDA	16,227

SAILINGS TO AFRICA, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

Date About	Steamer.	Destination.
2nd Oct.	VITA	Karachi via Coast.
5th Oct.	BARPETA	P. Gulf. via Karachi.
6th ,,	VARELA	Basrah via Karachi.
7th ,,	KARAGOLA	East and South Africa.

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage for P. and O. and B. I. sailings may be arranged with—
MACKINNON MACKENZIE and Co.,
Head Office, Fort, Bombay.
P. O. Box 152.

NOTICE.

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT MERCHANTS MARINE, LIMITED.
AND
B. I. S. N. CO'S JOINT SERVICE.
CALCUTTA TO HALIFAX DIRECT TAKING CARGO FOR TRANSHIPMENT.
Terms Rates of Freight and Passages may

SHIPPING

N.Y.K. LINE
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
(Incorporated in Japan.)
Regular Service to Japan via Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

Steamer.	Commander.	Tons.	Arrival.	Dep.
Kamakura Maru	J. Fujimura	8,946	4 Oct.	11 Oct.
Gunshi Maru	M. Tomita	8,272	12 Oct.	26 Oct.
Atsuta Maru	J. Saito	8,499	27 Oct.	10 Nov.
Tamba Maru	N. Wada	8,375	11 Nov.	28 Nov.

All steamers, equipped with every comfort, are fitted with electric lights and fans in every cabin free of charge and wireless telegraphy. A qualified Surgeon and specially trained Chair carried.
For particulars, apply to—
T. YOKOYAMA, Manager.
Telephone No. 873, 3922
Alice Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.
Fortnightly sailings between Bombay, Karachi and Calcutta. Barge sailing at Galle, Tuticorin, Colombo and other small ports according to demand.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Sailing about.
S. S. "Jalapatra" ..	8310	October 1922.
S.S. "Jalatirjaya" ..	7309	October 1922.
S. S. "Jalatarang" ..	4397	October 1922.

For freight and other particulars apply to
NABOTTAM MOHANDAS & Co.,
Agents.
Ismail Building, Fort, Bombay.

BANKING.

THE TATA INDUSTRIAL BANK.
LIMITED.
Subscribed Capital ..... Rs. 7,50,10,000
Paid-Up Capital and Reserved ..... Rs. 2,62,50,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders ... Rs. 5,25,12,500
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Hundreds of letters from cured patients, I.M.S. and other Doctors, eminent British officials and distinguished Indian gentlemen have been published in the "Chronicle."
CANCER
Also cured. No operation, medicines from
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Statutory Statement of Account prepared Audit of Books of Firms UNDERTAKEN
B. L. THOSAR,
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Wonderful Astrologer.
Mr. Ramchandra, B.A., Hindu Astrologer, writes on 10-10-21: "The perusal of THE HEAVENS UNVEILED has well-repaid me."
The wonderful book "The Heavens Unveiled" enable you to know your future, fortune, peace, real prosperity, methods of prosperity, to read the full Account like Horoscope and Character Reading of everybody, also to calculate God Given Moment of Birth, future events without knowledge of Birth. Price Rs. 2. The Premier Astrological House, Chalisgaon, Nasik District.

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HEAD OFFICE: CALCUTTA (Established 1918)
INVESTMENT BONDS (with Profits) issued without Medical Examination for any period from 6 years to 50 years. The Company's Actuary says:—
"I FIND THAT THE AMOUNTS PROPOSED TO BE GUARANTEED BY YOUR COMPANY AT MATURITY OF THE SEVERAL PERIODS FOR WHICH THE SAID BONDS ARE TO BE ISSUED, ARE ABSOLUTELY ON THE SAFE SIDE . . . . IF THE COMPANY CAN EARN ON ITS FUNDS ON AVERAGE EVEN THE RATE OF INTEREST NOW OBTAINABLE ON GILT-EDGED SECURITIES,—IT CAN REASONABLY ANTICIPATE DISTRIBUTABLE PROFITS FOR DISTRIBUTION AMONG THE BOND-HOLDERS, OVER AND ABOVE THE AMOUNT GUARANTEED."
For instance,—Rs. 5/- a month will secure:—

In years:	Guaranteed: Rs. a.	Profits expected: Rs. a.	Total expected Rs. a.
10 ..	697 8	81 9	779 1
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APPLY, FOR FURTHER DETAILS AND AGENCY ON LIBERAL TERMS,—
To MR. G. K. SUBBIAH
TO THE MANAGING AGENTS,
2 & 3, LAL BAZAR ST., CALCUTTA.
OR
SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE,
Shroff Building, [Near
Tolbavadi, Parel, BOMBAY.

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Liver Solution:—for liver troubles, bad indigestion, also Laxative. Re.
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Also Eau-de-Cologne, Lavender, Pain Balm, Embrocation, etc. Ask for Catalogue.
THE IONIC PHARMACY, 101, Patel Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

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EMPIRE AUTOMOBILES,
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DIRECT IMPORTERS OF ACCESSORIES & SPARE PARTS FOR ALL MOTOR CYCLES & CARS.
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ESTABLISHED—1910.
Dividend declared 1921 .. .. 30%
Dividend declared 1922 .. .. 30%
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The Safest Office for Life Insurance of the poor. Premium Re. 1/- or -/8/- monthly. Active and honest agents required on liberal remuneration. Apply at once to the SECRETARY; 29, Grey Street, CALCUTTA.

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MATHERAN STATION RETIRING ROOMS
Large, Airy and well-furnished Suites Accommodation for very large numbers of Visitors.
The Catering and Management of the Matheran Railway Refreshment and Retiring Rooms will now be run by a first-class European Caterer and Hotelier of repute, and Visitors will find this the best in Matheran for excellence of Cuisine, Comfort and Cleanliness.
All milk used will be pure and fresh from our own cows and Buffaloes kept on the premises.
Terms Rs 8/8 per diem Inclusive.
OPENING 1ST OCTOBER.

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A SPECIALITY
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TO THE MANAGER

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A R5099

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WANTED MANAGER—Efficient European capable of managing large Hotel establishments. Suitable wages for an experienced man. Apply Box No. 8591, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R5092

WANTED—(1) Goanese or Mug Cook Pay up to Rs. 100 p.m. according to qualifications. (2) One HEAD BUTLER, well up in English, capable of writing correct menus and supervising a fairly big establishment. Pay up to Rs. 125/- p.m. according to qualifications. Apply to the EXTRA MINISTER in His Highness' Government, Alwar (Rajputana.)
A 14499

SALARY Rs. 100-200 p.m. in 30 days. We can help you to these salaries. We have done this for others. Learn a GRAND NEW SHORTHAND IN 30 DAYS BY POST. Easiest, simplest and highest speed system in the world. The wonder of the age. Two days free trial. NO MONEY unless you are fully satisfied. Enclose 2 stamp. HAWAID COLLEGE, B. 1, Rawalpindi.

WANTED AGENTS for sale of products of THE RANAGHAT COTTON MILLS LTD., which has already commenced work in a large premises with about 40 Bighas of land just by the side of the Ranaghat Station on the Eastern Bengal Railway and of which a few thousand shares are still available at par. Apply Messrs. A. C. PAUL & CO., 4 Commercial Buildings, Calcutta.
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WANTED by a Hindu honours graduate, strong in English and French some more tuitions. Apply Box No. 8584, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
B R5074

THE ADVERTISER, qualified Accountant, having put up ten years' service as Manager of first class Indian Banks and three years as the Superintendent of Idnustries in a Native State, considers offers of working partnership in a going concern of Bankers and Agents. Can develop sound profitable business with the Punjab and the Gwalior State. GUPCHAND KAPUR, Jariwalla Building, Bombay 4.
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CHAGLA MANZIL—TO BE LET Ground Floor, a spacious Bungalow at Reynold's Road, Byculla. Apply ALLIBHAI CHAGLA & CO., Kharek Bazar, Mandvi.
C R5095

TO LET—Big pucca built GODOWNS to let at "Homjee Hall", Massgon Road, near St. Apply owner there.
C R5075

TO LET—One MOTOR GARAGE with light and water connection and one room for high class Hindu vegetarian. Apply POPATLAL MOOLCHAND, Bellasis Road, House 61 63.
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C14571

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LATEST DELICIOUS MANGOES—Very sweet and agreeable mangoes at Rs. 9 per 100, Rs. 5 for 50. Genuine and healthiest. Langra, Bombay and Kishenbhog mangoes and Lichi graft at Rs. 13 per dozen. Pkg. freight extra. Price with order essential. Catalogue of plants sent on one anna Stamp. SUPDT. DARBHANGA ESTATE GARDEN, No. 3, Darbhanga.
GA C13993

11 LBS. parcel selected table apples, William pears or walnuts, Rs. 5-8 each; 5 lbs. nett "A1" almonds, Rs. 7-8; 5 lbs. nett selected Sultanas, Rs. 7-8; 5 lbs. nett unstoned dry apricots, Rs. 6-8; 5 lbs. nett selected dry figs, Rs. 6-8; 5 lbs. nett selected dry raisins, Rs. 6; 5 lbs. nett black currants, Rs. 5-8; 5 lbs. nett apple or pear rings, Rs. 5-8; 11 lbs. parcel assorted dry fruits, Rs. 14. Charges included. FRUIT INDUSTRY, KASHMIR. Tele. "AMBA."
GA R4918

MOTOR & ACCESSORIES

FOR SALE—CHANDLER, seven seater, condition best. Price 5,500 or nearest offer. Owner buying costlier car. Apply Box No. 8590, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
JA R5087

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FOR SALE—A PRINTING MACHINE 2 H.P. size 20 by 26 just arrived from [illegible]. Call or apply K. M. ATAULLAH, Mandvi Post 3, Bombay.
R5078

WANTED.—DYNAMO of 50 lamps 50 C.P. complete with lamps wiring and [illegible] and an oil engine to drive same, either separate or combined. Shop E. R. Mansion[illegible]
R5076

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WANTED—A second hand BENTLEY'S COMPLETE PHRASE CODE BOOK. Latest edition preferred. Apply stating price to Box No. 100, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
L

STAMPS.—Packets at 8 as each; (unused) 10 Montenegro. 10 Thrace, 14 Bulgaria. 15 Spanish Colonials, 18 Bavaria. (Unused) 20 Danzing, 12 Costa Rica, 16 Brazil 18 Argentine. (Mixed) 10 Servia, 14 Cuba. The lost all different Rs. 5/1. IMPERIAL STAMP CO., LTD., Allahabad.
L 14488

NECESSARY TO ALL!—LUXURY TO NONE—WONDERFUL "DREAM DICTIONARY" (in English.) No more astrological botheration: Foretells fortune; promises marriage prospects, births and riches; warns against enemies, calamities, deaths and dangers; reveals conspiracies and secrets; instructs remedies for diseases. Refer our DICTIONARY at once. Used mostly and specially by businessmen, bachelors, maids, officials, and students at large. Nice paper. Under three separate headings, Particulars Symptoms and Results. Based on our ancient scientific principles of the Great Rishis, handed over from generation to generation. True worth needs no boast! Gain more than bargain! Rapid Sale! Hurry Up! Agents solicited. Price. Re. 1/- only. THE GUPTA ASTRAL ACADEMY, Kasimkot, Vizag Dist. (South India).
L R5049

MISCELLANEOUS WANTED

WANTED—Second-hand COTTON GINNING AND PRESS MACHINERY, separate or complete factory. Write to NARSINDAS CHUNILAL, JALNA.
P R5096

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS

ONE VIEW—At Shaikh Memon Street, near Crawford Market, all the furniture department of Sheriff show room with the fittings. Sale on SUNDAY, the 8th instant BENNETT & Co.
T R5066

MORRIO'S "PRINCE" CIGARETTES, Egyptian Tobacco. Best aroma and flavour. Compare quality not price. Rs. 2 per 100. Post free. D. MORRIO & CO., Lahore.
T C12999

PROFESSION

INFALLIBLE REMEDIES FOR Sprue, Consumption, Gall-stone, Tumours, Sinus, Dropsy, Bone Disease, Brain Diseases, Appendicitis, Rheumatoid, Arthrites, etc. Numerous testimonials open to inspection and sent on application. No operatin. No injection.
Our medicines are Non-poisonous.
DOCTOR SAM, WILLIAMS.
Graduated Biochemist.
No. 1, Cantonment Road,
LUCKNOW, U. P.
N.B.—Only Europeans and Educated Indians are admitted.
14491

LEPROSY AND LEUCODERMA.
IT has now been arranged to distribute about 10,000 sample packets of PANDIT KRIPARAM'S infallible cure for LEUCODERMA or WHITE LEPROSY. It never fails. Write for it at once, per V. P. P. for As. 8 to meet the cost of its transmission, to
PANDIT KRIPPARAM,
6, Nandlhagan Lane, P. O. Salkhia,
(HOWRAH.)
P.S.—Pandit Kriparam's deeply interesting volume on Leprosy at As. 8 per copy V. P. P. Charges As. 2.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY
(Incorporated in England).
NOTICE.
ON and from WEDNESDAY, the 4th instant the Parcel Delivery office and Silver booking and Delivery office at present situated in the Ground Floor of the Victoria Terminus Annexe will be removed to B Shed Victoria Terminus which was formerly used for goods booking.
A. E. T. PATTENSON,
For General Traffic Manager
C14509

CHROME LEATHER
TANNED BY EXPERIENCED TANNERS.
UPPERS—Brown and Black, Well Finished, Fast Colours." Sole Leathers and Ready-made belting Damp and Heat Proof. Well stretched and pressed. Ready-made Sandals of all sizes in Stock.
Write for particulars:—
N. MUHAMMED MEAN ROWTHER,
Tanner, Trichinopoly,
(South India).
R5096

EX. ENEMY STEAMERS.
LORD INCHCAPE has been instructed by His Majesty's Government to sell the following steamers:—

Name	Tonnage Gross	Nett	Year Built	Position
KINGSMERE (ex Lindenfels)	5479	3295	1906	Falmouth. Available for last sailing 25th September 1922
VARSIN (ex Ellenfels)	4455	2961	1899	Falmouth Available for inspection now.

These steamers will be sold as they lie with the exception of their wireless apparatus and offers will be accepted up until 15th October 1922, by
MACKINNON MACKENZIE & COMPANY,
Calcutta or Bombay.
C14521

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Certificate/Scrip for shares Nos. 6671 of the Ahmedabad Dholka Rv. Co., Ltd., standing in the name of Bai DIWALI, widow of Sankalchand Ravichand Patel has been lost or mislaid.
The Public are hereby warned against purchasing or dealing with the above Certificate in any way but are requseted to give information about the same to the undersigned.
Name:—BAI DIWALI,
Widow of Sankalchand Ravichand Patel.
Address:—Ghashiram's Pole.
Sarangpur, Ahmedabad.
Dated 23rd September, 1922.
R5094

THE MYSORE SPINNING & MANUFACTURING CO. LD.
NOTICE OF TWENTYFIFTH DIVIDEND AND BONUS.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FINAL DIVIDEND of Rs. 5 and Bonus of Rs. 10 per share of Rs. 50 for the year ended 28th February, 1922, sanctioned by the Shareholders at the Twenty-fifth Annual General Meeting held on the 4th October, 1922, are made payable on and after TUESDAY, the 10th October, 1922, at the Registered office of the Company, between 12 noon and 3 p.m. on week days other than Saturdays and between 12 noon and 1-30 p.m. on Saturdays, on production of the share certificates to Shareholders whose names stand on the Register of Members on the 20th September 1922.
By order of the Board,
N. SIRUR AND CO.,
Agents.
Henshaw's Buildings,
9, Bank Street, Fort,
Bombay, 4th October, 1922.
14522

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.
CONSIGNEES of Cargo per Nippon Yusen Kaisha's S. S. "KAMAKURA MARU" are hereby informed of the steamer's arrival on the 4th October from Japan via Hongkong, Singapore, Penang and Colombo and requested to send in their Bills of Lading to this Office for counter-signature without delay. No survey will be held on cargo damaged or in doubtful condition unless a written application for such survey is received by the undersigned within seven days from the date of discharge. Capt. J. C. Richards of Messrs. Ericson and Richards, Company's Surveyors, will be attending Docks every morning to survey damages. Cargo removed from the Landing Shed or warehoused is not entitled to the survey. No survey will be held on bag cargo in single gunnies. The Bills for Claims are to be sent into this Office within one month from the date of Steamer's arrival, otherwise they will not be entertained.
MANAGER,
Nippon Yusen Kaisha.
Bombay, 4th October, 1922.

THE POONA BANK LIMITED AND REDUCED.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the 28TH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Bank, will be held on SUNDAY, the 15th October, 1922 at 4-30 p.m. at the registered office of the Bank, Rawivar Peth, No. 1158, Poona City, to transact the following business:—
(1) To pass Audited Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 30th June, 1922 and to adopt the Directors' report.
(2) To declare a Dividend on Preference and Ordinary shares.
(3) To appoint Directors in place of Mr. L. R. Gokhale and Shet Ramkisan Ramnarayan who retire by rotation. They are eligible for re-election.
(4) To confirm the appointment of Rao Bahadur L. J. Apte as an additional Director.
(5) To appoint an Auditor for the current year and fix his remuneration.
(6) To do such other business as may be placed before the meeting by the Chairman.
L. R. GOKHALE,
Chairman.
Poona, 22nd September, 1922.
C14517

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.
GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.
Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and Credits of CHHOTALAL NAROTAMDAS, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, late moonim of Beg Mahomed Hajt Abdul Rehman, lately residing at Gaiwady, without the Fort of Bombay, who died at Bombay, on or about the 20th day of June, 1919. ..... Deceased.
BHIKIBAI alias GOOLABWAHOO, widow of Chhotalal Narotamdas, residing at Gaiwadi, without the Fort of Bombay, Hindu for the use and benefit of Jayantilal Chhotalal, Ramanlal Chhotalal and Krishnalal Chhotalal, the minor sons of the deceased abovenamed and limited to the minority of any one of such sons of the deceased. ..... Petitioner.
All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.
Witness Sir LALUBHAI ASHARAM SHAH, Knight, Acting Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this fourteenth day of Sept. in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and twenty two and in the thirteenth year of our Reign.
Seal of the High Court at Bombay.
W. J. HOWARD
for Registrar
(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD.
The 14th day of September, 1922.
Messrs. LITTLE & Co.,
Petitioners' Attorneys.
C14518

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
SUIT No. 3526 of 1922.
SHORT CAUSE.
Summons to answer Plaint under section 27, O V rr 1, 5, 7 & 8 and O VIII, r 9 of the Code of Civil Procedure.
PARVATIBAI widow of Lalsing Mansing of Bombay Rajput Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Shaikh Memon Street, in Bombay. ..... Plaintiff
v.
(1) RAMKRISHNA MADHAVRAO CHONKAR, of Bombay Hindu, who until April last resided at Dadar in Bombay but whose present whereabouts are not known. (2) JEHANGIR DOSSABHOY RANDELIA of Bombay Parsi, residing at Railway Hotel Charni Road. ..... Defendants.
GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India, Greeting: WHEREAS the abovenamed Plaintiff has filed a plaint in this Court against you the abovenamed Defendant whereof the following is a concise statement, viz:—
The Plaintiffs' claim is for rescission of the agreement for sale dated the 16th February, 1922 of the immoveable property mentioned in the Plaint, for a refund of the sum of Rs. 10,000 paid to the defendant as earnest and interest thereon and for the costs of this suit; for a declaration that the plaintiff is entitled to a charge upon the said property mentioned in the plaint, for the said moneys and costs, for an order for the sale of the said property, and for leave to apply for a personal decree against the 1st defendant for unpaid balance of her claim if any.
You are hereby summoned to appear in this Court on the 17th day of October, 1922, at quarter past eleven o'clock Standard Time in the forenoon, in person or by an Advocate duly instructed by an Attorney of this Court and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied by some other person able to answer all such questions to answer the abovenamed Plaintiff and as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the suit you must produce all your witnesses on that day, and you are hereby required to take notice that in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence; and you will bring with you (or send by your Attorney) any document in your possession or power containing evidence relating to the merits of the Plaintiff's case or upon which you intend to rely in support of your case.
Witness Sir LALUBHAI ASHARAM SHAH Knight, Ag. Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid this 12th day of August, 1922.
Seal of the High Court at Bombay.
W. J. HOWARD,
for Prothonotary.
W. J. HOWARD,
The 12th day of August, 1922.
Messrs. EDGELOW GULABCHAND WADIA & Co.,
C14523 Plaintiff's Attorneys.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
Suit No. 3695 of 1921.
SHORT CAUSE.
Plaint presented and filed 5th day of July, 1921.
Summons to answer Plaint under Section 27 O V rr 1, 5, 7 and 8 and O VIII, r 9 of the Code of Civil Procedure.
The Official Assignee of Bombay, as the assignee of the estate and effects of Haji Ali Mahomed Ooseman a firm, who carried on business at Bombay, Calcutta, Madras and other places in India. ..... Plaintiff.
v.
GAYAPRASAD GOVRISHANKER, of Kamalpur near Sitapur Hindu Inhabitant. ..... Defendant.
GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India, Greeting: WHEREAS the abovenamed Plaintiffs have filed plaint in this Court against you the abovenamed Defendant whereof the following is a concise statement, viz:—
The plaintiffs' claims from the defendant Rs. 3,468-2-4 as per particulars annexed to the plaint herein with interest thereon and the costs of the suit.
You are hereby summoned to appear in this Court on the 14th day of November 1922 at quarter past eleven o'clock standard time in the forenoon, in person or by an Advocate duly instructed by an Attorney of this Court and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit or who shall be accompanied by some other person able to answer all such questions to answer the abovenamed Plaintiffs and as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the suit, you must produce all your witnesses on that day, and you are hereby required to take notice that in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned the suit will be heard and determined in your absence; and you will bring with you (or send by your Attorney) any document in your possession or power containing evidence relating to the merits of the Plaintiffs' case or upon which you intend to rely for support of your case.
Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid this 12th day of July, 1921.
Seal of the High Court at Bombay.
(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD,
for Prothonotary.
(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD.
The 22nd day of August, 1922.
Messrs. BHAISHANKER, KANGA & GIRDHARLAL,
C14522 Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
Suit No. 2826 of 1921.
SHORT CAUSE.
Plaint presented and filed 15th day of July 1921.
Summons to answer Plaint under Section 27 O V rr 1, 5, 7 and 8 and O VIII, r 9 of the Code of Civil Procedure.
The Official Assignee of Bombay as assignee of the estate and effects of Haji Ali Mahomed Usman, Insolvents. ..... Plaintiff.
v.
BUNCHA NANDI, son of Kattack Hindu Inhabitant. ..... Defendant.
GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions, beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India, Greeting.
Whereas the abovenamed Plaintiff have filed a plaint in this Court against you the abovenamed Defendant whereof the following is a concise statement, viz:—
The plaintiff claims from the defendant Rs. 2,715-1-6 with interest thereon and the costs of the suit.
You are hereby summoned to appear in this Court on the 14th day of November, 1922, at quarter past eleven o'clock, (Standard Time) in the forenoon, in person or by an Advocate duly instructed by an Attorney of this Court and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied by some other person able to answer all such questions to answer the abovenamed Plaintiff and as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the suit you must produce all your witnesses on that day, and you are hereby required to take notice that in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence; and you will bring with you (or send by your Attorney) any document in your possession or power containing evidence relating to the merits of the Plaintiffs' case or upon which you intend to rely in support of your case.
Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid this 23rd day of July, 1921.
Seal of the High Court at Bombay.
(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD,
for Prothonotary.
(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD,
The 22nd day of August, 1922.
Messrs. BHAISHANKER, KANGA & GIRDHARLAL,
C14521 Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
Suit No. 2958 of 1921.
SHORT CAUSE.
Plaint presented and filed 5th day of July, 1921.
Summons to answer Plaint under Section 27 O V, rr 1, 5, 7 and 8 and O. VIII, r 9 of the Code of Civil Procedure.
The Official Assignee of Bombay as the Assignee of the estate and effects of Haji Ali Mahomed Oosman a firm, who carried on business in Bombay Balpur, Calcutta and other places. ..... Plaintiff.
v/s.
SULEMAN UMAR, of Vansavad Mahomedan Inhabitant ..... Defendant.
GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India, Greeting. WHEREAS the abovenamed Plaintiff has filed a plaint in this Court against you the abovenamed defendants whereof the following is a concise statement, viz:—
The plaintiff claims from the defendant the sum of Rs. 4,124-4-3 as per particulars annexed to the plaint herein and the costs of this suit.
You are hereby summoned to appear in this Court on the 14th day of November, 1922, at quarter past eleven o'clock standard time in the forenoon, in person or by an Advocate duly instructed by an Attorney of this Court and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied by some other person able to answer all such questions to answer the abovenamed Plaintiff, and as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the suit, you must produce all your witnesses on that day and you are hereby required to take notice that in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence; and you will bring with you (or send by your Attorney) any document in your possession or power containing evidence relating to the merits of the plaintiff's case or upon which you intend to rely in support of your case.
Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid this 13th day of July, 1921.
Seal of the High Court at Bombay.
(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD,
for Prothonotary.
(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD.
The 13th day of July, 1921.
Messrs. BHAISHANKER, KANGA & GIRDHARLAL,
C14519 Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

The Ideal High Class Hindoo Boarding and Lodging House
AMIR ASHRAM
ONCE TASTE—WILL NEVER FORGET.
Best Testimonial Awarded.
"I am more surprised with the management. I think it is the best Hindoo Hotel in Poona and hope every Gujarathi will patronize the same."
(Sd). KALIANJI G. BHATIA,
D—9th September 1922.
No. 6, Todiwalla Road, next to H. H. The Maharaja of Kholapur.
POONA.
Tele: "AMIR."

AUCTION SALE.

BENNETT & CO.
120, Apollo Street, Fort.
On SATURDAY, the 7th instant at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms a quantity of Grey and coloured piece goods, furniture etc., etc.
By order of the Bank concerned.
4 Cases Nickle Purse Locks.
At 2-30 p.m. (S. T.)
1 second hand rubber tyred Casco Victoria.
1 second hand rubber tyred Brougham.
1 second hand rubber tyred office Shigram.
1 Waler horse going in harness.
1 Arab horse.
By order of N. H. Moos, Esq. the receiver appointed in Suit No. 1096 of 1922, (Bethavis. Nanabhai).
1 Berliet Motor Car 15-20 H. P. 4 Cylinder, Touring Body No. 6239.
By order of N. H. Moos, Esq. The official liquidator of Eastern Commercial Corporation Ltd. (in Liquidation).
2 F. W. D. Motor Lorries.
Property of a European Gentleman.
One lot wearing apparels, Dinning tables, Chairs, writing tables, Iron cots, Cabinets, books etc., etc.
By order of the Chief Presidency Magistrate unclaimed articles such as Cameras, glassing paper, caps, piecegoods, etc.
On SUNDAY, the 8th instant at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction by order of the owners at Shaikh Memoon Street near Crawford Market, all the furniture and fittings, etc., of Sheriff Show Room, such as large and small glass door show cases, square plate glass silver show cases, large and small shelves, electric ceiling fans and lights, one extra large size Milner's safe, cottage piano, Chesterfield sofas and easy chairs, suite of sofas and chairs, large and small almyrahs, dressing chest of drawers, teapoys, marble top tables, easy chairs, etc., etc.
Catalogues are published and the property on view.
AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS AT VICTORIA ROAD, BYCULLA.
Under instructions from the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will on TUESDAY, the 10 instant sell by Public Auction at 4 p.m. (B.T.) at Victoria Road Byculla on the premises.
No. 7—Frame building of ground floor E. Ward No. 4924 (1-2) Street No. 46-48.
No. 8—Frame building of ground floor E. Ward No. 4932 Street No. 43.
No. 9—Frame building of ground floor and one upper floor E. Ward No. 4936 Street No. 26.
No. 10—Frame building of ground floor and one upper floor E. Ward No. 4937 Street No. 23.
BENNETT & Co.
Bombay, 5th October, 1922.

MISTRY & CO.
AUCTIONEERS.
9, Dean Lane, Fort, Bombay.
Telephone No. 2021.
Sale at 10 a.m., (S. T.)
On SUNDAY, the 8th October, 1922, at Dawar Mansion Mottibai Street, Byculla at 10-3 a. m., (S. T.) Messrs. MISTRY AND CO., will sell by Public Auction, very rich furniture, comprising of dining table, sideboard, dinner wagon, dumbwaiters, tea tables, silver show cases, cabinet, Chesterfield sofas and easy chairs to match, carved blackwood furniture, Roll top writing table and revolving office chair, English safe box, steel Revolving Ice Refrigerator, Sweet toned German Piano by Carl Steingart Cottage Piano by Cyril Hart, low arm chairs, hat stands, carpets, mirror and panelled almirah almyrah, mirror door almirah cupboard, clothes and gown press, dressing tables, marble top wash tables and toilet set, glassware, Plated ware, Electric table lamps, crockery, etc., etc.
The property of L. Pierillo Esq. and others.
Catalogues will be published and the property is open to view.
Property of another gentlemen 1 Handsome Arab House.
MISTRY & CO.
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 5th October 1922.

J. S. MODY & CO.
AUCTIONEERS.
29 Apollo Street.
Telephone No. 2022.
AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY SITUATE AT KHARDARI STREET NEAR MAL BAZAR, WITHOUT THE FORT OF BOMBAY.
Under instructions from Messrs. Mulla and Mulla, Attorneys for the Mortgagee and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor pursuant to the power of Sale granted in the Mortgagee under the Indenture of Mortgage dated the 16th day of April 1920, and made between Odhavji Dhunjibhai of the one part and the Mortgagee of the other part, Messrs. J. S. MODY & CO., will sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY, the 26th day of October, 1922, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), on the premises the undermentioned property.
THE SCHEDULE.
All that piece or parcel of land of quite and ground rent tenure together with the messuage tenements or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Bhandari Street, outside the Fort and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 135 3/4 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 1882, New No. 9018, Old Survey No. 133 and New Survey No. 2/5702 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under C Ward No. [illegible] and Street Nos. 28—31 and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the East by the Sweeper's passage on or towards the West by the said Bhandari Street on or towards the North by the property of Vishwanath Gambia Futang and on towards the South by the property of Anandji Bawa and which and all the said premises were formerly and are now in the occupation of the mortgagor.
For further particulars and conditions of Sale apply to Messrs. Mulla and Mulla Attorneys for the mortgagee at their office at Gresham Buildings, Esplanade Road, Fort, or to the undersigned.
AUCTION SALE OF 200 BALES COMRA FINE COTTON.
Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co., Auctioneers will sell by public auction on THURSDAY, the 5th day of October, 1922, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) at the Fort Press Compound No. D. L. Colaba of Mundhra Manufacturing Co. Ltd. by order of Seth Saligram Jairam Jaitha, by order of Seth Saligram Jairam and on account and at the risk of the Sangilidas Jairam the last purchasers and all the Parties concerned with any claim or interest of the undermentioned said goods.
Pertaining to Delivery Order No. [illegible] dated 2144.
200 Bales Comra Fine Cotton of Saligram Jairam.
Delivery.
The above goods are open to view.
Terms 20 per cent. deposit and the balance to be paid and goods taken delivery within 3 days from the date of sale.
J. S. MODY & Co.
Auctioneers.

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on 10 April, 2017

AUCTION SALE.

MEHTA & CO.

Auctioneers.

On Government and G. I. P. Railway List.

AUCTION SALE OF 9677 BALES COTTON.

On Monday, the 9th instant and the following days at 5 p.m. (S.T.) daily Messrs. Mehta and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the Colaba Cotton Green, by order of Messrs. Cooverji Pitamber & Co., and on account and at the risk of Rai Saheb Sangildas Jesiram:—

1180 Bales F. M. G. Berar Cotton.

500 Bales F. M. G. Oomra Cotton C. P. No. 2.

600 Bales F. M. G. Oomra Cotton C. P. No. 1.

The above bales are lying at Victoria Godown No. "K".

873 Bales F. M. G. Berar Cotton.

100 Bales F. M. G. Oomra Cotton C. P. No. 2.

500 Bales F. M. G. Oomra Cotton C. P. No 1.

The above bales are lying at Victoria Godown No. 21.

1768 Bales F. M. G. Berar Cotton.

588 Bales F. M. G. Oomra Cotton C. P. No 2.

700 Bales F. M. G. Oomra Cotton C. P. No 1.

The above bales are lying at Victoria Godown No. 10.

1200 Bales F. M. G. Berar Cotton.

1288 Bales F. M. G. Oomra Cotton C. P. No. 2.

600 Bales F. M. G. Oomra Cotton C. P. No. 1.

The above bales are lying at Victoria Godown No. 2.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale, the balance to be paid within 2 days from the day of sale against the Auctioneers' Delivery Order. These and other conditions of sale will be read before the commencement of the auction sale.

The above bales are open for inspection of the intending purchasers at the abovementioned Godowns.

AUCTION SALE OF 1031 BUNDLES W. I. GALVANIZED GAS TUBES.

ON SATURDAY, the 7th instant at 3 p.m. Messrs. MEHTA & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms at 25 Medows Street, Fort, by order of E. Suren Esqr. of London and on account and at the risk of Messrs. The Indo Foreign Trading & Industrial Co., Ltd.

250 Bundles 1250 W. I. Galvanized Gas Tubes 22150 feet 1 inch.

87 Bundles 260 W. I. Galvanised Gas Tubes 11715 feet 1½ inch.

150 Bundles 300 W. I. Galvanited Gas Tubes 5397 feet 2 inches.

265 Bundles 2650 W. I. Galvanised Gas Tubes 46866 feet ¾ inch.

236 Bundles 1650 W. I. Galvanised Gas Tubes 29117 feet ½ inch.

10 Bundles 100 W. I. Galvanised Gas Tubes 1773 feet 3/8 inch.

33 Bundles 100 W. I. Galvanised Gas Tubes 1705 feet 1¼ inches.

20 W. I. Galvanised Gas Tubes 352 feet 3¼ inches.

20 W. I. Galvanised Gas Tubes 361 feet 3 inches.

20 W. I. Galvanised Gas Tubes 356 feet 4 inches.

AUCTION SALE OF 800 BALES FINE MACHINE GINNED BERAR COTTON.

On FRIDAY, the 6th instant at 5 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs. Mehta & Co. will sell by Public Auction at the Colaba Cotton Green by order of Seth Samiram Joharmul and on account and at the risk of Rai Saheb Sangildas Jesiram:—

100 Bales Fine M. G. Berar Cotton (Delivery order No. 1473).

100 Bales Fine M. G. Berar Cotton (Delivery order No. 1472).

100 Bales Fine M. G. Berar Cotton (Delivery order No. 1474).

100 Bales Fine M. G. Berar Cotton (Delivery order No. 1475).

100 Bales Fine M. G. Berar Cotton (Delivery order No. 1477).

100 Bales Fine M. G. Berar Cotton (Delivery order No. 1478).

100 Bales Fine M. G. Berar Cotton (Delivery order No. 1479).

100 Bales Fine M. G. Berar Cotton (Delivery order No. 1486).

All the above bales have been passed in the Survey. The said bales can be inspected on application to the vendors by the intending purchasers.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of the sale, the balance to be paid to the auctioneers against their Delivery order within two days of the sale. These and other conditions will be read before the commencement of the Auction Sale.

AUCTION SALE OF 400 BALES F. M. G. OOMRA COTTON C. P. NO. 1.

On FRIDAY, the 6th instant at 5 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the Colaba Cotton Green by order of Messrs. Birla Bros. and on account at the risk of the defaulting purchaser Rai Saheb Sangildas Jesiram.

100 Bales F. M. G. Oomra Cotton C. P. No. 1 (D. O. No. 1718).

100 Bales F. M. G. Oomra Cotton C. P. No. 1 (D. O. No. 1739)

100 Bales F. M. G. Oomra Cotton C. P. No. 1 (D. O. No. 1741).

100 Bales F. M. G. Oomra Cotton C. P. No. 1 (D. O. No. 2705).

All the above bales have been passed in the Survey and are open for inspection of the intending purchasers at the godowns of the Vendors at Landa Lane No. 3 line.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of the sale the balance to be paid to the auctioneers within 2 days against their delivery order. These and other conditions will be read before the commencement of the Auction Sale.

AUCTION SALE OF 500 BALES COTTON.

On SATURDAY, the 7th instant at 5 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the Colaba Cotton Green by order of Messrs. Birla Bros and on account at the risk of the defaulting purchaser R. S. Sangildas Jesiram.

400 Bales F. M. G. Oomra Cotton C. P. No. 1 (D. orders No. 1717, 1719, 1742, 1737 each for 100 Bales).

100 Bales F. M. G. Oomra Cotton (D. O. No. 2340).

The above bales have been passed in the Survey and are open for inspection of the intending purchasers at the godowns of the Vendors at Landa Lane No. 3 line.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of the sale the balance to be paid to the auctioneers within 2 days against their delivery order. These and other conditions will be read before the commencement of the Auction Sale.

MEHTA AND CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 4th October, 1922.

AUCTION SALE.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Agents (123 Medows Street, Fort, Bombay).

GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO MILL OWNERS AND COAL MERCHANTS.
SALE OF 6000 TONS WELSH COAL.

Messrs SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO., will FRIDAY, the 6th instant sell by Public Auction at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.) at their sale ooms No. 123, Medows Street Fort, Bombay, order of Messrs. Hiralal Himatlal & Sons and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchasers Messrs. The Western Coal Supply Co., of Apollo Street, Bombay the following:—

About 6000 tons of Maclaren Methyr All Large, Colliery Screened Welsh Coal lying at Hajee Bunder, Sewree at the plot of Messrs. Mitui Bussan Kaisha Ltd., and of Messrs. Choonilal Hiralal & Co., at New Tank Bunder No. 4A plot.

The above coal will be sold in small lots of 500 tons to suit the intending purchasers.

The same can be seen at any time during the day at Hajee Bunder and New Tank Bunder.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale and the balance to be paid against Delivery Order within 8 days. The delivery of the goods must be completed within a fortnight.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTIES SITUATE AT CAVEL STREET OUT OF FORT, BOMBAY AND AT BORIVLI B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY LINE.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO., will by order of Bai Hurruckbai, widow of Sha Popatlal Ghellabhai and on account and at the risk of Narrotumdas Premjee the Mortgagor and pursuant to the power of sale given to the said Mortgagee under the Indenture of Mroortagage dated the 2nd April, 1920, sell by public auction the following properties on the premises on the following days.

LOT. NO. 1.

Cavel Street, Fort, Bombay property.

Sale on Saturday, the 7th October, 1922, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), on the premises.

FIRSTLY:—All that piece or parcel of perpetual Fazendari land or ground together with the messuages tenments or buildings standing thereon, situate at Cavel Steet, without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 108 4-9 square yeards or thereabout and bearing Collector's New Survey No. 1/132 and bounded on or towards East by the house of Bai Parwti, on or towards the West by the Cart of the Portuguese Church, on or towards the North by the house of Naranjee Sunderjee and on or towards the South by the Cavel Street and the building whereon are assessed by the Bombay Municipality under C. Ward No. 3887 and Street No. 204 and which said premises are now in the occupation or possession of the Mortgagor and his tenants.

SECONDLY.—All that piece or parcel of perpetual Fazendari land or ground with the messuage tenements or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Cavel Street, without the Fort of Bombay in the registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 37 feet in length and 21 feet in breadth bearing Collector's New Survey No. 1/132 and assessed in the books of the Assessor of Bombay Municipal Taxes and Rates under Ward No. 3879, Street, No. 198 and bounded on or towards the East partly by the house of Gangabai and partly by the house of Soonder Valjee, on or towards the West by the house of Naranjee Sunderjee on or towards the North by a vacant piece of land belonging to Soonderjee and or or towards the South by a Sweeper's Passage connected with the premises and beyond that by the house of Khimjee Toola and which premises are now in the occupation of the tenants of the Mortgagor.

LOT NO. 2.

Borivli out of Bombay Property.

Sale on SATURDAY, the 14th October, 1922 at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) on the premises.

All that piece or parcel of land No. 116, situated at Borivli near Malad in Sasti Taluka, District Thana and in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra, with the messuage tenements or dwelling house or building house standing thereon, containing by admeasurement 8 Gunhtas and 75 yeards in all 983 square yeards or thereabouts bearing entry No. 540, New Survey no. 186 and 107 and assessed by the notified area Committee under house No. 21 at Goria Road at Rs. 22-10-0 and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East and South by the property of Jamnadas Ramdas, on or towards the North by the property of Jamnadas Sunderjee Valjee, on or towards the West by a private passage which said premises are in the possession of the Mortgagor.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Nanu Hormasjee & Co., attorneys for the Mortagee a t their Office 91, Medows Street, Fort Bombay or to the undersigned auctioneers.

SALE OF 500 BALES UMRA FINE COTTON.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO, will on FRIDAY, the 6th instant at 5 p.m. (S. T.) sell by Public Auction at Colaba Cotton Green Depot the following:—

By order of Messrs Jamnadas Narsi Ginning & Pressing Co., Ltd., and on account and at the risk of the following parties:—

On aicount and at the risk of Rai Saheb Sangidas Jeshiram.

100 Bales Umra C. P. No. 2 Fine Cotton D/Order No. 3143.

Bales can be inspected before the sale at the godown of Bhaya Gulley.

On account and at the risk of Jiwanlal Pratapsey:—

100 Bales Umra Fine Cotton D/Order No. 3023: Bales can be inspected at Slate godown.

100 Bales Umra Fine Cotton D/Order No. 3022 Bales can be inspected at Gill godown.

By order of Meers. Ramdas Khimjee & Co., and on account and at the risk of Rai Saheb Sangidas Jesiram.

100 Bales Umra Fine Cotton D/Order No. 3134: Bales can be inspected at Gill godown.

By order of Messrs. Gopaldas Haridas & Co., and on account and at the risk of Juvaladuth R. Pillany.

100 Bales Umra Fine Cotton D/Order No. 3021: Bales can be inspected at Bruel godown.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of knocking the lot to the buyers.

All bales can be inspected before the sale at the above mentioned godowns, the sale will be held at the Cotton Green.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 5th October, 1922.

SCRIBBLING BLOCKS
FOR OFFICE USE
100 glazed sheets
NOTE PAPER SIZE
As. 2 per block
POSTAGE ONE ANNA AND SIX PIES EXTRA.
Can be had at the
Bombay Chronicle Press

AUCTION SALE.

GANDHI & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Agents,

No. 58, Medows Street, Fort.

Telephone No. 4927.

AUCTION SALE OF 400 BALES COTTON.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will, under instructions from Messrs. Bhaidas Kersondas & Co., and on account and at the risk of defaulting purchaser Sheth Sangidas Jesiram, sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY, the 5th instant at 5 p.m. (S.T.) at the Colaba Cotton Green:—

400 Bales Cotton including:—

100 Bales Cotton, Omra Fine Machine Gin. delivery order, No. 1691, lying at Victoria Bunder godwon.

100 Bales Cotton Oomra Fine Machine Gin. delivery order, No. 1693, lying at first Pasta Lane godwons Nos. 40-42.

100 Bales Cotton Oomra Fine Machine Gin, C. P. No. 2 delivery order No. 2000, lying at Victoria Bunder godown:

100 Bales Cotton, Oomra Fine Machine Gin. delivery order No. 3140, lying at Victoria Bunder godown.

The above goods are lying open for inspection at the abovementioned godown of Messrs Bhaidts Kersondas & Co., at Colaba.

A deposit of 50 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF 300 BALES OOMRA FINE MACHINE GINNED COTTON.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers, will under instructions from Sheth Lawardas Modi and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchaser Sheth Sangidas Jesiram, sell by Public Auction, on THURSDAY, the 5th instant 1922, at 4-45 p.m. (S.T.) at the godown of Sheth Bhaidas Kersondas at 1st Pasta Lane, Colaba:—

300 bales Oomra Fine Machine Ginned Cotton including:

100 bales cotton Oomra Fine D/O No. 1860
100 bales Cotton Oomra Fine, D/O No. 1861.
100 bales Cotton Oomra Fine, D/O No. 1864

The above bales are lying open for inspection in the godown of Sheth Bhaidas Kersondas at first Pasta Lane, Colaba.

A deposit of 50 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF 400 BALES COTTON.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers, will, under instructions from Messrs. Bhaidas Kersondas & Co., and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchaser Sheth Sangidas Jesiram, sell by Public Auction on on THURSDAY, the 5th instant 1922 at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Victoria Bunder godown, Colaba:—

400 bales cotton including:—

100 bales cotton Oomra Fine. Delivery order No. 1973.

100 bales Cotton Oomra Fine. Delivery order No. 1985

100 bales cotton Oomra Fine. Delivery order No. 1990.

100 bales cotton Oomra Fine. Delivery order No. 2138.

The above bales are open for inspection at Victoria Bunder godown of Messrs. Bhaidas Kersondas and Co.

A deposit of 50 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF 300 BALES COTTON.

On 5th instant at 4-30 p. m. (S. T.) Messrs. GANDHI and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction by order of Messrs. Amershey Damodhar and on account and at the risk of Sheth Sangidas Jeshiram at undermentioned places.

At Vardhaman godown Colaba.

100 Bales Cotton Oomra Machine Ginned D. No. 2067.

At Kelani Bavdi Colaba.

100 Bales Cotton Oomra Machine Ginned D. No. 2068.

At Bradhury godown Colaba.

100 Bales Cotton Oomra Machine Ginned D. No. 2380.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF 100 BALES OOMRA FINE MACHINE GIN COTTON C P. No. 1.

Messrs. GANDHI and Co., Auctioneers will under instructions from Sheth Chiranjilal Hanumanprasad and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchaser Sheth Sangidas Jesiram, on FRIDAY the 6th instant at 5-30 p.m., (S. T.) at No. 7 Colaba Kalyan Lane at Cooverji Pitember's Godown:—

100 Bales Cotton Oomra Fine Machine Gin C P. delivery order No. 1511.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF 400 BALES OOMRA FINE MACHINE GIN COTTON.

Messrs. GANDHI and Co., Auctioneers, will under instructions from Messrs. Bhaidas Kersondas & Co., and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchaser Sheth Sangidas Jesiram sell by Public Auction at first Pasta Lane on FRIDAY, the 6th instant at 5 p.m. (S.T.).

400 Bales Cotton including:—

100 Bales Oomra Fine Machine Gin. D/O No. 1984.

100 Bales Oomra Fine Machine Gin. D/O No. 1986.

100 Bales Cotton C. P. No. 2. D/O No. 2135.

100 Bales Cotton C. P. No. 2. D/O No. 2137.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF 1000 BALES OOMRA FINE MACHINE GIN.

Messrs. GANDHI and Co., Auctioneers will under instructions from Sheth Trilokchand Kalyanmal, at their Godown at Loda Line No. 3 and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchaser Sheth Sangidas Jesiram sell by Public Auction on THIS DAY, THURSDAY, the 5th instant at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.):—

1000 Bales Oomra Fine Machine Gin Cotton.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

GANDHI & CO.
Auctioneers.

SURAJMAL ALLUBHAI & CO.,
DIAMOND MERCHANTS
ONE RATE
425 Kalbadevi Road Bombay

AUCTION SALE.

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS.

122, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

Telephone No. 521.

SALE TO-DAY AT 4-30 P.M. (S. T.).

AUCTION SALE OF THE RIGHT, TITLE AND INTEREST OF THE INSOLVENT IN THE VALUABLE PROPERTY AT 11TH KAMATIPURA STREET.

Under instructions from Messrs. Mehta Lalji and Co., Attorney's for G. G. Nadkarni Esqr. the acting official assignee of Bombay and assignee of the estate and effects of Govindji Kubherdas Messrs. Crawford and Co., will sell by public Auction on Thursday the 5th October 1922 at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) on the premises the right, title and interest of the above insolvent in the undermentioned property free from all incumbrances.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Government Leasehold Land or ground together with the Messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate lying and being at 11th Kamatipura Street without the Fort of Bombay and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and Assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E. Ward No. 1951 Street Nos. 84, 86, 88 and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 119 New No. 16125 Old Survey No. 4499 and new Survey No. 6843 and containing by admeasurement 38 square yards or thereabouts as per Lease dated 7th March 1878 but by the present actual measurement 40 4/9 square yards or thereabouts and bounded on or towards the East by Sweeper's passage and beyond that by the property of Abdul Hussein Allibhai on or towards the West by the property of Annaji Laxman and on or towards the South by the Sweeper's passage and beyond that by the property of Jivwabhai Tyaballi and which said premises are now in the possession of the said Mortgagor and occupied by the tenants.

For further particulars and Conditions of Sale Apply to Messrs. Mehta Lalji and Co., at their office in No. 12-16, Oak Lane, Fort or to the Official Assignee or to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 5th October, 1922.

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.

No. 35. Hummum Street, Fort.

Telephone No. 4982.

AUCTION SALE OF 800 BALES COTTON.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Pubic Auction on THURSDAY, the 5th October, 1922, at 4-45 p.m. (S.T.) in Meghjee Vullubhdas Godown No. 9, Victoria Bunder, Colaba, by order of Messrs. The Toyo Menka Kaisha Ltd. and on account and at the risk of Mr. Sangidas Jesiram the following bales of cotton:—

100 bales Fine M. G. Oomra Cotton, Delivery Order No. 240.
100 bales Fine M. G. Oomra Cotton, Delivery Order No. 237.
100 bales Fine M. G. Oomra Cotton, Delivery Order No. 234.
100 bales Oomra Cotton C. P. No. 1, Delivery Order 703.
100 bales Oomra Cotton C. P. No. 1, Delivery Order 702.
100 bales Oomra Cotton C. P. No. 1, Delivery Order 701.
100 bales Oomra Cotton C. P. No. 1, Delivery Order 699.
100 bales Oomra Cotton C. P. No. 1, Delivery Order 698.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required on the lots being knocked down.

AUCTION SALE OF 700 BALES FINE OOMRA COTTON.

Messrs. MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY, the 5th October, 1922, at 4 p.m. (S. T.), at Colaba in Messrs. Breul & Co's godown and by their order and on account and at the risk of Mr. Sangidas Jesiram the following bales of cotton:—

700 bales Fine Oomra cotton D/orders Nos. 1119; 1125; 1127; 1131; 1136; 1537; 1538 (100 bales of each order).

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required on lots being knocked down.

AUCTION SALE OF 700 BALES OOMRA COTTON.

Messrs. MENESSE & CO. will sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, the 6th October, 1922 at 3 p.m. (S. T.) at Dana Bunder Argyle Road in Godown No. 2 of Mr. Killachand Daveshand by order of Messrs. the Killachand Mills Ltd. and on account and at the risk of Mr. Sangidas Jesiram the following bales of Cotton:—

700 Bales Oomra Cotton Delivery orders No. 1006: 1007: 1008: 1015: 2035: 2039: 2040 (100 Bales of each D/order).

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required on the lots being knocked down.

AUCTION SALE OF 400 BALES COTTON.

Messrs. MENESSE AND CO., will sell by Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 7th October, 1922, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) by order of Messrs. Toyo Menka Kaisha Ltd. in their room No. 18 of Cotton Trade Association at Colaba and on account and at the risk of Mr. Sangidas. Jesiram the following goods:—

400 Bales Fine M. G. Oomra Cotton D/Orders Nos. 244, 461, 457, 456 (100 Bales of each D/Order).

The above Bales are lying in Bryce godown No. 3 and 4 Sassoon Dock Colaba and open for inspection for the intending purchasers.

A Deposit of 25 per cent will be required on the goods being knocked down.

AUCTION SALE OF 300 BALES COTTON.

Messrs. MENESSE AND CO., will sell by Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 7th October, 1922, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) by order of Messrs. Toyo Menka Kaisha Ltd. in their room No. 18 of Cotton Trade Association at Colaba and on account and at the risk of Mr. Sangidas Jesiram the following goods:—

300 Bales Fine M. G. Oomra Cotton Delivery Orders Nos. 489, 490, 491, (100 Bales against each Delivery Order).

The above Bales are lying at K. Shed Grain Depot Sewree Masagon Tank Bunder and are open for inspection for the intending purchasers.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required on the lot being knocked down.

MENESSE & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 5th October, 1922.

AMUSEMENTS

GLOBE CINEMA
SANDHURST ROAD. PHONE 3453.
THE COOLEST PICTURE HOUSE IN BOMBAY.
UNDER AMERICAN MANAGEMENT.
TO-DAY at 5, 6-30, 8-30 and 10-15 p. m.
FOURTH INSTALMENT
PEARL WHITE
IN
THE SENSATIONAL PATHE SERIAL
"THE QUEEN SEEKS DISTRACTION"
15 CONTINUOUS—EPISODES—OF
THRILLS——DANGER——MYSTERY
SNUB POLLARD COMEDY
SPECIAL MATINEES:
SATURDAY, SUNDAY AND HOLIDAYS AT 2-30.
USUAL PRICES—Rs. 2 to As. 3
NOTICE—Soldiers in Uniform admitted to Dress Circle at Half Price.

Pearl White (Pathe)

This Week This Week
We are offering
the best episode from the
MAHABHARAT
Picturised in Brilliant Style
VIRAT PARVA.
PRODUCED BY
THE BHARAT FILM CO.
The episode from the Mahabharat in which are shown the brilliant exploits of the Pandavas when they were staying incognito at the court of the king VIRAT. Instructive and entertaining to the highest degree.
SEE IT TO-DAY
or this Week
AT
CINEMA MAJESTIC.
Usual Prices and Time

UNDER THE KIND PATRONAGE
OF H. H. THE
Maharaja Sayajirao Gackwad
OF BARODA
Gandharv Natak Mandali
will stage at the
New Elphinstone Theatre, Grant Road,
Saturday the 7th October 1922
EKACHAPYALA
(at 8-30 P.M.)
Sunday the 8th October 1922
SOBHADRA
(at 3 P.M.)

Under Public Patronage
LALITKALA DARSHA SANGIT
NATAK MANDALI
Founded by
Late Mr. KESHAVRAO BHONSALE
will stage at the
GRANT ROAD, BOMBAY THEATRE, BOMBAY.
ON
Saturday 7th Oct. 1922 at 8-30 p. m. (S.T.)
AND
Sunday 8th Oct. 1922 at 3 p. m. (S.T.)
SATTECHE GULAM
Proprietors.

!! FOR ONE WEEK MORE !!
TO-NIGHT AND DURING THIS WEEK
IMPERIAL
PRESENTS
KARNA
The Deserted Son of Kunti
IN 7 REELS
Produced by
The National Film Co.
DAILY 4 SHOWS—5,—7,—8-45 and 10-30 p. m.
EXTRA SHOWS ON HOLIDAYS AT 2-30 p.m.

THE EXCELSIOR
TO-DAY AT 6-30 p. m.
The Greatest, Most Graceful, and Most Wonderful SKATER in the World in a Photo-play
Great Appeal:—
CHARLOTTE
IN
"THE FROZEN WARNING"
In 6 Reels.

THE EXCELSIOR
J. C. WILLIAMSON, Ltd's.
GILBERT & SULLIVAN OPERA
TO-DAY AT 9-30.
"Trial By Jury"
AND
"H.M.S. Pinafore"
Plans at Messrs. S. ROSE & CO., Ltd. to 6 p.m. after 7 p.m. at the Theatre.

THE EMPIRE
TO-DAY AT 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.
An entrancing romance of the Australian Race Course, full of Human Interest from Start to Finish.
"SILKS AND SADDLES"
ALSO
"SHE ALMOST PROPOSED"
Featuring Miss Billie Rhodes.

THE EMPRESS
TO-DAY AT 6-30, 8-15 & 10 p.m.
THE GREAT MYSTERY SERIAL
"ROMANCE OF THE HOPE DIAMOND"
"Featuring GRACE DARMOND"
Being the Life Story of MAY YOHE
(LADY FRANCIS HOPE)
THIS WEEK EPISODES Nos. 4 & 5
"No. 4 "Despair"; No. 5 "[illegible] Enemy" and No. 6 "Evil Eye."
MAX LINDER
the Popular Comedian
in a very humourous Comedy.

HERE'S A PLENDID TREAT !
A Picture Supreme
"Sister Cecilia"
featuring the celebrated Star
RITA SACCHATTA
A beautiful drama of Love and Sacrifice appealing the innermost [illegible] of Human Hearts.
TIMES AND RATES AS USUAL
Special separate arrangements for Ladies and Families.

NEXT WEEK
A Robertson Cole Million-Dollar [illegible]
"The Wonder [illegible]"
FEATURING
The World-War Hero and [illegible] weight Boxer Champion
"Georges Carpentier"
A splendid treat for Sports and Sports
"NOVELTY"

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

Liverpool, Oct. 3rd.

	Sales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool	5,000
" " Sales on Spec. & for Exp.	—
" " Sales of East Indian	250
" " Import	—
EGYPTIAN FUTURE PRICES:—	
Mid. American Spot Quiet	12 51
Egyptian F. G. F. Sakels	17 25
New York, 11 a.m. — Oct.	20 00
(As known in Liverpool at — Jan.	20 73
closing time.) — Mar.	20 82
New Orleans 10 a.m. — Oct.	20 40
— Jan.	20 08

OPENING FUTURE AND PRICES:

Liverpool, Oct. 3rd.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES.

Months.	To-day's price.
Oct.	12 07— 8
November	—
December	—
January	11 84— 8
February	—
March	11 78— 74
April	—
May	11 61— 9
June	—
July	11 46—11
August	—
September	—
Egyptians November	16 50

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Oct. 3rd.

Months.	To-day's Price.
Oct.	12 07—08
Nov.	11 92—47
Dec.	11 88—11
Jan.	11 84— 8
Feb.	11 78— 8
Mar.	11 74— 8
April	11 68— 8
May	11 63— 7
June	11 56— 6
July	11 42— 6
August	11 34— 6
Sept.	11 20—10

Tone :—Quiet but Steady.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Oct. 3rd.

Months.	To-day's Price.
Oct.	16 15—30
Nov.	16 30—30
Dec.	16 40—30
Jan.	16 50—30
Feb.	16 60—30
Mch.	16 70—30
April	16 80—30
May	16 90—30

MANCHESTER MARKET.

Fair cloth inquiry,—Yarns :—
Irregular, poor turn over.—

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, Oct. 3rd.

U. S. Stapl.	7 25
" " Fully Good	7 65
" " Fine	8 05
" " No. 1 Comra Good	9 30
" " Fully Good	9 70
" " Fine	10 10
U. S. Brooch Good	10 55
" " Fully Good	10 95
" " Fine	11 35
U. S. Islands Good	7 15
" " Fully Good	7 55
" " Fine	7 95

AMERICAN COTTON MARKET:

New York, Oct. 3rd

Futures at New York.	Oct.	28 51+31
	Dec.	20 83+33
	Jan.	20 70+37
	Mar.	20 81+41

Liverpool, Oct. 3rd,

Cotton Ext. M.U. G.O.G. Liverpool	Oct.	12 07—8
	Jan.	11 84—8
	Mar.	11 74—8
	May	11 63—7

London Oct. 3rd.

Tele. Transferr	1/3 5/8 Steady
Bar Gold	£ 4-13-9 Quiet
Bar Silver Spot	35 7/16 Steady

MONEY MARKET:

London, Oct. 3rd,

Rentes 3%	53 1/2
Berlin Cheques on Brazils	35 7/16
Bar Silver Spot	—
" " 2 months hence	35 5/16

Closing Tone of silver :—Steady.
Indian buying.
Interest day to day loans 1 1/4
" 7 day Market loans 1 1/2
Discount, Bank of England Rate 3
3 p/c. since 17th July 1922.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

London, Oct. 3rd.

WHEAT:

Rosario Santa Fe 63 lbs. Sept.-Oct. Sellers	48/6
Barletta Russo 63 lbs. Sept. Oct. Sellers	46/6
Australian Dec, Jan. Sellers	49
Wheat Choice White Karachi, par 492 lbs C. I. F. Tone—Quiet steady	—
Afloat to U. K.	—
Tone :— Quiet.	

SHARES:

Chartered Bank	6 17 1/4
Hongkong	6 11 3 1/2
National	4 41
P. & O. Banking Corp.	6 14
Eastern Bank	6 6 1/4

SEEDS:

Rapeseed, Ferozepore real Bold Oct.-Nov. sellers	6 16 3/8
Rapeseed, Yellow Gaucent, 416 lbs. ex-Ship	—
Rapeseed, Brown, Cawnpore 415 lbs. ex-Ship Oct-Nov.	5 15 1/4
Tone of Rapeseed :—	
Linseed, Argentine Oct.-Nov. Quoted firmly held	6 17 5/8
Cottonseed, Bombay round delivered per ton Oct.-Nov. Sellers	7 7/8
Karia Rapeseed Sept.-Oct. Sellers	6 17

METALS:

English best Selected Copper	66
Standard Copper G. M. B.	63 5/8
Copper Brazilers	63
Yellow Metal	6 1/8
Hard Spelter	25 1/2
Corrugated Sheets	6 16 1/4

WAR LOANS, ETC.

Funding Loans 4% 1960/90	6 83 3/4+1/8
Victory Bonds 4%	6 87 3/8+1/4
War loan 5% 1929/47	6 99 7/8+3/16
Consols 2 1/2%	56 1/2
Bapee Paper 3 1/2%	37
Indian Stock 3 1/2% (Sterling Loan)	66
Govt. Securities 3%	55
7 p/c. Indian Loan	6 111 1/2

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure Nov.-Dec.	10 3/4
Plantation First Latex Crepe Oct.	8 3/8
Tone :—Steady	
Freight of Coal—Cardiff to Bombay nominal	19/3

JAVA SUGAR.

Brown Sugar 16/16 C. & F. Calcutta Oct.-Dec. Nominal	17/9
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta Oct.-Dec. Sellers	19/6
Do. Do. Do. Jan.-Mar. Sellers	20
Fine White Java C. & F. Bombay Oct.-Dec. Sellers	10/0 3/4
Fine White Java C. & F. Karachi Oct.-Dec. Sellers	20/7 1/4
Javas :—Holdersare asking more.	

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

Oct. 4.

To-day Reuter reported 31 points higher in New York futures. The market advanced on some speculative buying. The American Census Bureau issued upto 25th Sept. 1922 gives the estimated crop of cotton as 10,135,000. Bales and the condition of the crop as 50.0 per cent as compared with last month 57.04 per cent, and last year 42.2 per cent.

The U. S. A. Census Bureau gives the cotton ginned upto the 24th ultimo as 3,883,000 Bales.

The Marwari Bazar was kept closed to-day. The Marwari jobbers would not allow the market to open until the Board has come to some decision regarding the recent trouble of September Oomra weighment by the Bull parties.

The Colaba market was also kept closed for the above reason.

Our market for ready cotton continues to remain dull and the offtake is nominal.

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Cotton produce etc., for the 48 hours ending 6 p. m. on 3rd Oct 1922.

Cotton	1996 Bs.
Wheat	2306 Qwts.
Linseed	1966 "
Bopa, etc.	21 "
Gingallyseed	344 "
Poppyseed	290 "
Groundnuts	1619 "
Cottonseed	6582 "
Rice	138911 "
Rabellam	185 "
Linseed	4589 "
Rapeseed	280 "
Gram	94 "
Jowar	091 "
Maize	Nil "
Bajry	268 "
Rajra	4155 "
Coal	10679 Tons

MONEY AND SHARE MARKET.

Oct. 4.

Bars Gold ready Rs. 27/3.
Bars Gold forward Rs. 27/3.
Bars Gold 2nd settlement Rs. 27/4/6.
Bars Silver ready Rs. 92/4.
Bars Silver 1st settlement Rs. 92/4.
Bars Silver 2nd settlement Rs. 92/7.

EXCHANGE.

B. C. Rate Bank's selling T T 1/3 17/32.
B. C. Rate Bank's selling D D 1/3 9/16.
On London Bank's selling T T 1/3 9/16.
On London Bank's buying D D 1/3 19/32.
On London Bank's buying 3 M/st D A 1/3 25/32.
On London Bank's buying T T 1/3 5/8.
On London Bank's buying D D 1/3 21/32.
one of Exchange Steady Markets.
On Paris Bank's selling D D Frcs. 371.
On Paris Bank's buying 3 M/st D A Frcs. 391.
On Paris Bank's buying D D Frcs. 381.
On Japan Bank's selling T T Rs. 169½.
On Japan Bank's buying 60 D/st D P Rs. 164½.
On Hongkong Bank's selling D D Rs. 201.
On Shanghai Bank's selling D D Rs. 272.
On Singapore Bank's selling D D Rs. 180½.
On New York Bank's selling D D Rs. 354.
London Gold ready sh. 93-9.
London Silver ready d. 35-7.
London Silver forward d. 35-5.
Tone of Silver Dull Small Business.

CROSS RATES ON LONDON TO THE POUND STERLING.

American Exchange dollars 4.40 1/16.
French Exchange Frcs. 58.00.
Swiss Exchange Frcs. 23.60.
Belgium Exchange Frcs. 61.70.
Italian Exchange Liras. 103.00.
German Exchange Mrks. 83.00.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

3½ per cent Paper Rs. 58/8.
5 per cent War Loan Rs. 88/8.
4 per cent Terminable Loan Rs. 98.
5½ per cent War Bonds due 1922 Rs. 100/2.
4 per cent Conversion Loan Rs. 78.
5½ per cent War Bonds due 1929 Rs. 101.
6 per cent Government of India Bonds due 1926 Rs. 100/6.
6 per cent Government of India Bonds due 1930 Rs. 100/6.
6½ per cent Bombay Development Loan due 1935 Rs. 103/12.
4 per cent Bombay Port Trust due 1974 Rs. 65.
6 per cent Bombay Port Trust due 1930 Re. 95.
4 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1974 Rs. 65.
6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1929 to 49 Rs. 95.
4 per cent Bombay Improvement Trust due 1974 Rs. 65.
The Share Market is closed to-day.

MANCHESTER PIECE-GOODS.

DECIDED FALL IN LUCKY DAY SALE

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 4.

Although there was no Non-Cooperation boycott of foreign cloth and although there was an approximate increase of fifteen to twenty per cent. this year in Pujah sales of foreign cloth, there was a heavy falling off in the Lucky Day sale. A representative of the "Englishman" after making enquiries ascertained that in normal years of the Lucky Day about ten thousand bales used to be purchased from Manchester for forward season, and in better years some fifteen to twenty thousand bales were booked, but this year according to the estimate of the head of a large firm of foreign piece goods importers, orders booked this year did not exceed four thousand bales. This is due to the disconcerting state of affairs which continued throughout the year, low level of prevailing prices and heavy floods in the up-country.

SURPLUS OFFICERS FOR I. C. S.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Oct. 3.

A communique issued by the Home Department states:—The Secretary of State for India in Council hereby gives notice that it has been decided, provided so many candidates are found suitable for appointment, to select for appointment to the Indian Civil Service under the Indian Civil Service (temporary provisions) Act 1915, sixteen Indian army officers who come within the category of surplus officers as defined in the rules under the Royal Warrant of 25th April, 1922.

FROM PRISON TO POWER.

Fethi Bey who escaped with other Turkish prisoners from Malta last year, and reached Constantinople, became Minister of the Interior in the Nationalist Government in succession to Rafet Pasha. He is a young man, and is regarded as the strongest personality in Anatolia after Mustapha Kemal Pasha. He was formerly Turkish Minister to Bulgaria.

Mrs. Besant attained her 87th age on 1st of October and her birthday was celebrated in the Gokhale Hall with Mr. C. P. Ramaswamy Iyer in the chair.—(A. P.).

The Madras Government in the course of an order says that the epidemic of small-pox which ravaged the city of Madras in the latter part of 1921 and the first half of 1922 was the severest yet experienced in the present century. During the first six months in 1922 there were 893 deaths and 2284 attacks. In five out of the seven years 1916-1922 small-pox has been epidemic with an higher aggregate number of attacks and deaths than in any other six consecutive years of the century. The report says that even after the epidemic established itself the staff failed to keep pace with its progress. Attacks escaped detection and patients died before disease could be diagnosed. It is not surprising that many of statistical records admits of non-intelligible explanation. Unless the health staff can be sure of its facts it cannot hope to eradicate disease, which the experience of other countries has proved to be preventible.—(A. P.).

THE WEATHER.

SIMLA, Oct. 4.

Rainfall has again been widespread in northeast India. New disturbance from northwest is affecting the northwest frontier. Rainfall has been nearly general in Bengal, Chota Nagpur and Mysore and local in Burma, Assam and Orissa. A few falls also occurred in Bihar, southeast Madras and north Madras coast. Chief amounts are:—Dibrugarh and Silchar one inch, Cherrapunji five, Chittagong three, Barisal one and half, Mymensigh two, Bogra and Bangalore one.

Forecast:—Extension into Kashmir and northwest frontier province.

FLOODS IN BENGAL.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 3.

Flood situation in north and northeast Bengal is unchanged. Flood water is fast subsiding and it is expected that the through Darjeeling mail will run from to-morrow. Intimation has been received to-day at Sealdah station that portion of the line between Bhangora and Goakhara on Sara-Serajganj Railway were breached and that transhipment was impossible.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, Oct 3rd

Means of observations taken at 5 a.m. 11 a.m. 5 p.m. 4 a.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr. reduced to Mean Sea Level	29.760
Temperature of Air	82.3
Wet Bulb Thermometer	76.3
Dew Point	76.9
Relative humidity of Air	0.849
Extent of cloudy sky (One whole sky cloudy—10)	2.3
Maximum temperature of Air	89.0
Minimum do do	77.0
General direction of Wind	
From midnight to midnight	SSE,E,ENE,NW,NNW,NNE.
Movement of Wind do	183
Fall of Rain	0.00
Total fall (Inches) month	0.00
Do. Ave. years	22.21
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 4th	0.00

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Mean Time, depth of water is at Prince's Dock sill.

Day of week.	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean Time	Depth on Sill.	Day of Week.	Day of Month.	LOW WATER. Bombay Mean Time	Depth on Sill.
	Oct.	h. m.	ft. in.		Oct.	h. m.	ft. in.
Tu.	10	m 1 51	27 4		10	m 7 55	15 4
W.	4	m 11 8a	26 6		4	m 7 24a	16 8
Th.	5	m 10 39	26 7		5	m 8 0	16 6
F.	6	m 10 50a	26 7		6	m 4 32a	17 6
S.	7	m 11 0	26 5		7	m 4 33	17 11
S.	8	m 11 20a	27 1		8	m 5 27a	16 6
M.	9	m 11 39	27 0		9	m 6 2	17 1
Tu.	10	m 11 59a	27 0		10	m 6 32a	16 1
W.	11	m 0 17	27 0		11	m 7 0	15 9
Th.	12	m 0 35a	26 10		12	m 7 28a	15 7

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuing week.

		A.M. Sunrise	P.M. Sunset
Oct.	4 (Tuesday)	6h. 22m.	6h. 22m.
"	4 (Wednesday)	6h. 22m.	6h. 22m.
"	5 (Thursday)	6h. 23m.	6h. 21m.
"	6 (Friday)	6h. 23m.	6h. 20m.
"	7 (Saturday)	6h. 24m.	6h. 19m.
"	8 (Sunday)	6h. 25m.	6h. 18m.
"	9 (Monday)	6h. 26m.	6h. 16m.

Phases of the Moon.—First Quarter Sept. 29th 4h. 18·4m. a.m.; Full Moon Oct. 6th 6h. 39·3m a.m.; Last Quarter 14th: 5h. 25·4m. a.m.; New Moon 20th: 7h. 19·3m. p.m.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at hours on Wednesday, the 4th October 1922, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are mostly clear and at Multan humidity is in defect. Temperature was nearly normal.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. At Jhansi humidity is in defect and night temperature was below normal.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are lightly clouded at Karachi and Kotah and are clear elsewhere. Humidity is in excess at Karachi, nearly normal at Jodhpur and Ajmer and in defect at other stations. Day temperature was below normal in Sind. Night temperature was nearly normal or lower than usual.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded and at Neemuch humidity is in defect. Night temperature was below normal at Indore.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are lightly or moderately clouded. Humidity is in defect at Khandwa, Akola and Amraoti and in excess at Raipur. Tem perature was nearly normal.

The Konkan.—Skies are lightly or modrately clouded and at Ratnagiri humidity is in defect. Temperature was nearly normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are lightly or moderately clouded and humidity is nearly normal or in defect. Day temperature was higher than usual at Ahmednagar. Poona and Sholapur.

General Remarks.—Rain has fallen locally in Mysore and at a few stations in southeast Madras. Bangalore reports 1.12 in. and Trichinopoly had 0.80 in. Skies are in general moderately clouded over the Peninsula and the adjoining parts and are clear or lightly clouded elsewhere. Humidity is in defect over most of the Deccan and in parts of Rajputana with adjacent districts of Central India West and the United Provinces.

Forecast:—A few falls of rain are likely over the southern half of the Peninsula and isolated thundershowers in the Konkan and the Bombay Deccan.

India Telegraphic Summary for the 3rd October 1922.

The northwestern disturbance which passed over Kashmir a few days ago has reached Assam and in conjunction with the northward extension of the unsettled conditions in the Bay it has given widespread rain in Bengal and Assam. Rainfall has been nearly general in Assam, Bengal and Orissa and local in Burma, the Bombay Deccan, Malabar, the Madras Deccan and on the north Madras coast. A few falls have also occurred in Chota-Nagpur, Bihar, Gujarat, the east Central Provinces and southeast Madras.

The chief amounts are:—Bessein one indh; Kyaukpyu, Akyab, Tezpur, one and a half; Shillong three; Cherrapunji five; Cox's Bazar two; Narayanganj four, Barisal one and a half; Burdwan one; Mymensingh two; Balsore one; False Point, Calicut one and a half; bellary one; Gopalpur two and Kodaikanal one.

OBSERVATIONS RECORDED AT 8 HOURS ON WEDNESDAY, THE 4TH OF OCT. 1922.

Stations.	Temp. in shade. Maximum during last 24 hours.	Temp. in shade. Minimum during last 24 hours.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours to date.	Departure from Normal.
PUNJAB :—					
Bombay	85.3	75.1	0.00	0.00	—0.01
Do. 20th	86.0	75.1	0.00	0.00	—0.09
Juhu	86.0	80.1	0.00	0.00	—0.17
Mahim	86.0	76.2	0.00	0.00	—0.17
Do. 20th	..	..	..	..	..
PUNJAB—					
Multan	99.0	72.0	0.00	0.00	+0.46
Rawalpindi	90.7	66.1	0.00	0.00	+0.07
Sialkot	97.0	67.0	0.00	0.00	+0.09
Lahore	96.0	69.1	0.00	0.00	+0.06
Dharmsala	84.0	60.0	0.00	0.00	+0.04
Ambala	94.7	66.0	0.00	0.00	+0.07
Delhi	95.8	70.0	0.00	11.70	+1.34
UNITED PROVINCES					
Agra	96.1	72.5	0.00	0.00	+0.45
Cawnpore	98.0	69.0	0.00	0.00	+0.56
Fatehpur	94.0	69.0	0.00	0.00	+0.53
Jhansi	94.0	68.0	0.00	0.00	+0.55
Allahabad	91.8	70.0	0.00	0.00	+0.36
SIND AND RAJPUTANA					
Hyderabad	94.5	71.6	0.00	0.00	—0.17
Karachi	88.0	75.0	0.00	1.10	—0.41
Ajmer	98.0	74.0	0.00	0.00	—0.36
Jodhpur	98.0	68.0	0.00	0.00	—0.41
Kotah	98.0	69.0	0.00	0.00	—0.30
Mount Abu	80.0	61.0	0.00	0.00	—0.30
CENTRAL INDIA, KATHIAWAR AND GUJARAT					
Ahmedabad	94.4	68.7	0.00	1.01	—0.30
Baroda	96.0	70.4	0.00	0.00	—0.45
Dwarka	86.0	76.0	0.00	0.00	—0.45
Veraval	87.0	74.0	0.00	0.00	—0.44
Rajkot	93.0	69.0	0.00	0.00	—0.45
Bhavnagar Pass	92.0	72.0	0.00	0.00	—0.39
Surat	95.0	72.0	0.00	0.00	—0.39
Ahmednabad	96.0	72.0	0.00	0.00	+0.43
Deesa	96.0	67.0	0.00	0.00	+0.43
Neemuch	94.0	68.0	0.00	0.00	+0.49
Indore	92.0	68.0	0.00	0.00	+0.39
CENTRAL PROVINCES					
Jubbulpore	96.0	72.0	0	0.00	+0.73
Seoni	90.0	69.0	0.00	0.00	+0.41
Nagpur	92.0	69.0	0.00	0.00	+0.44
Betul	90.0	68.0	0.00	0.00	+0.56
Akola	95.0	71.0	0.00	0.00	+1.06
Amraoti	98.0	72.0	0.00	0.00	+0.79
Raipur	94.0	72.0	0.00	0.00	+1.79
Chanda	94.0	72.0	0.00	0.00	+0.66
Balsar	90.0	74.0	0.00	0.00	+0.00
KONKAN—					
Bombay	88.0	77.0	0.00	70.21	+1.09
Ratnagiri	88.0	76.0	0.00	0.00	+0.64
Mahableshwar	82.0	70.0	0.00	0.00	+0.41
Karwar	88.0	70.0	0.00	0.00	—0.00
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—					
Malegaon	96.1	68.2	0.00	10.20	—0.01
Ahmednagar	98.0	64.7	0.00	0.11	—0.04
Poona	94.0	66.0	0.00	13.02	—0.00
Sholapur	96.0	70.0	0.00	13.07	—0.00
Kolhapur	94.0	68.0	0.00	0.17	—0.01
Miraj	93.0	67.0	0.00	20.0	—0.01
Satara	91.0	66.0	0.00	20.0	—0.01
Ahmednagar	97.0	63.0	0.00	10.01	—0.16
Hiramabad (Indore)	90.0	69.0	0.00	0.00	—0.00
Hyderabad	90.0	71.0	0.00	1.02	—0.70
MADRAS AND CONSIDERABLE MALABAR) AND MYSORE—					
Mangalore	90.0	77.0	0.00	13.00	+11.78
Calicut	91.0	76.0	0.00	12.07	+10.08
Cochin	86.0	76.0	0.00	0.00	+0.00
Colombo	87.0	78.0	0.00	0.00	—0.06
MADRAS (EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—					
Nellore	96.1	71.6	0.00	15.00	—0.30
Madras	98.0	74.0	0.00	0.01	—0.04
Vellore	98.0	74.0	0.00	0.00	—0.00
Cuddapah	96.0	70.0	0.00	13.00	—0.00
Madras	96.0	70.0	0.00	11.00	—0.00
Bangalore	90.0	64.0	0.00	1.12	—0.00
Coimbatore	91.0	72.0	0.00	0.00	—0.00
Trichinopoly	93.0	73.0	0.00	0.80	—0.00
Nungapaum	91.0	67.0	0.00	13.13	+1.00

A scheme has been inaugurated at Cardiff for the establishment of an oil importing industry (similar to the refinery fixed up at Llandarcy near Swansea by the Anglo-Persian Oil Company), with a capital of half a million sterling. It is understood that New York oil magnates are backing the venture.

A Nainital report says that in the suit filed by Mr. Bridge, Managing Director of Nainital Co., against Mr. Reynold, Proprietor of Hotel Metropole and the Raja of Mohamedabad regarding purchase of the Hotel Metropole, a decree has been issued in favour of Plaintiff with costs who has also been given order to take immediate possession of the hotel.—(A. P.).

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POONA RACING SEASON.

EIGHTH EXTRA MEETING

THE LARK WINS THE EBOR HANDICAP.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

Yesterday being the penultimate meeting of the Poona Racing Season a fair crowd again wended their way to Poona in the hope of recouping the losses sustained this season. A good day's sport was provided, there being nine events on the card. The public could not complain as in most events it had a run for its money and in at least three races very fair dividends were returned.

The Holkar Plate, Division I of 7 furlongs, for Arab horses in the 3rd Division was the first event. Five horses declined, leaving a field of ten to contest the issue. In this moderate field Baktavar was installed hot favourite on his last week's running. He won easily from Alder and Nabh both of whom were in number last week. Wadi and Sannayet were well-fancied but made no show.

The second division of the same Plate was won by Triumph—another favourite. Bahadur-ul-Mulk placed second, having for once taken it into his head to get away well. Aeroplane placed third.

The third division of this Plate saw a field of fourteen face the starter. Muslat, of whom big things were expected last week when he declined, was elected hot favourite. He won easily from Paleface who was also well-supported.

The Salisbury Plate Division I was the next event on the card. It was a handicap event for horses in the 3rd Division. In this small field of eight F irst Grade, Huon River and Knight of Clonmel received the bulk of support. Knight of Clonmel who placed fourth last week in the Carragh Plate, Division I, of 1 mile after suffering at the start won from First Grade the top-weight who has been very well lately. Huon River was a fair third.

The second Division of the same Plate saw another small field out. Roi Grison and Jovial were well-fancied. The winner turned out in Zigomar (late Pine Tree) who has been running very consistently. He returned a dividend of 17 to 1. Millmount the top weight placed a good second and Overseas third. Jovial seems to have had enough of racing and needs a good spell of rest now.

The Baramati Plate of 1 mile for 3rd Division horses was the next event. A field of sixteen participated. Bohea, Sospollo, Laranja and Florella had many admirers. Mr. Goculdass' Cahir Lass who placed fourth in the Elgin Plate, 1 mile, behind good performers like Blackwater and Rosey Tread was much neglected in this race. She won a good race from the light weight Victoria Cross another mare and returned a decent dividend of Rs. 132 Laranja could only place third.

In the Ebor Handicap—the most important event of the day all ran. The horses were well handicapped. Silver Saint, Festivity and Bridgend attracted most attention. This proved to be a fine race, the winner being The Lark who looked wonderfully well after his spell of rest. He returned a handsome dividend of Rs. 202. Festivity fought hard to win but had to rest content with second place. Silver Saint placed third and Bridgend fourth.

The Curzon Plate of 5 furlongs was the most open event of the day. Sixteen horses faced the barrier. Murmansk, Joy Girl, Mossley and Whit Week were well fancied. Murmansk won in fine style from Trostan—a good performer over 5 furlongs. Mossley placed third. Joy Girl and Whit Week ran disappointingly. They too, seem to have had enough of racing this season.

The last race of the day was the Hopeful Plate, 5 furlongs, for Arab horses in the 2nd Division. All ran. Marshal Petain was the street-corner tip and he was consequently elected blazing hot favourite. Arril received much support and Yadghar was also well-backed. This speedy performer won well from Peninsula and Centry. Marshal Petain was a bad fourth.

Next Saturday will bring the Poona Racing Season to a close and it is expected that a large crowd will wend their way to Poona in the hope of tempting Dame Fortune once again. We wish them the best of luck.

Details:—

THE HOLKAR PLATE. Division I.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,000; second Rs. 300; and third Rs. 200. Terms for Arabs III Division.
Mr Goculdass' BAKTAVAR 8-12 Lambert 1
Mr Ebrahim Kadum's ALDER 8-12 Morris 2
Mr Saleh Moosa's NAKIB 8-10 S J Meekings 3
Messrs Ajam asd Noormahomed's KHAYUM 8-11 Ruiz 4
Not run:—Orator and Helicon.
Also ran:—Wadi, Sannayet, Hatchel, Shanavaz, Careless, and Coroner.

The race:—A good start Baktavar flashed out and led the field. Hatchel, Alder and Wadi running wunched up behind. Boktavar led throughout, Hatchel dropping at the turn and giving place to Nakib. In the straight Baktavar had nothing to contend against and he won by one and a half lengths, neck, second and third, neck third and fourth.

Time:—1 minute 39 seconds.

1st Tote paid:—Win Rs. 29/8; Places Rs. 16, Rs. 27/8 and Rs. 33/8.

Favourite:—Baktavar.

Trainer:—A Hoyt.

THE HOLKAR PLATE. Division II.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,000; second Rs. 300; and third Rs. 200. Terms for Arabs III Division.
Mr A M S Mahomed's TRIUMPH 9-1 Burn 1
Messrs Sangidas Jesiram and Goculdass' BAHADUR-UL-MULK 8-10 Purtoosingh 2
Mr Wahab's AEROPLANE 8-13 Townsend 3
Mr Esmail Mahomed's FAHTAK 9-1 Muiced 4
Not run:—Trafalgar, Bochefalo, Kletitor.
Also ran:—Nasaralla, Black Guinea, Malabar, Truelove, FFaddler, Clinker, Amirjung, and Cauldron.

The race:—Aeroplane led with Bahadur-ul-Mulk Black Guinea and Triumph. Amirjung lying last. At the 4th furlong Bahadur-ul-Mulk was well to the front, Malabar, Aeroplane behind, Triumph handy on the outside. Bahadur-ul-Mulk was first at the turn, Fahtak now moved up. In the straight Triumph came out and overhauling the leader won by one and a half lengths, neck second and third, neck third and fourth.

Time:—1 minute 39 3/5 seconds.

1st Tote paid:—Win Rs. 27/8; Places Rs. 13-8, Rs. 20 and Rs. 19-8.

Favourite:—Triumph.

Trainer:—J K Irani.

THE HOLKAR PLATE. Division III.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,000; second Rs. 300; and third Rs. 200.

Terms for Arabs III Division.
Mr Ahmed Hazamy's MUSLAT 8-11 Lambert 1
Messrs Shamlan and Mahomed's PALEFACE 9-6 Burn 2
Mr Sajan's LIMERICK 9-3 Walker 3
Mr Jarulla bin Talib's MOON 8-13 Ruiz 4
Not run:—Isonomy.
Also ran:—Red Prince, Jerwan, Roumania, Jabar, Yellow Silk, Rishan, Champion, Hamid, Razeet, and Kapurthala.

The race:—Rishan led from Champion, Roumania, Jerwan; Red Prince lying last. At the 5th furlong Rishan was still leading, Kapurthala and Muslat now moving up. Limerick took command at the 3rd furlong with Hamid, Kapoorthala and Rishan. At the turn Muslat came out handy on the outside, Rishan having tired. In the straight Paleface, Limerick and Muslat fought it out, the latter winning a well-judged race by a head, half length a second and third, one and a half lengths third and fourth.

Time:—1.39 seconds.

1st Tote paid:—Win Rs. 26; Places Rs. 15, Rs. 22 and Rs. 20.

Favourite:—Muslat.

Trainer:—Cumberally.

THE SALISBURY PLATE. Division I.—Distance 1 mile.

Winner Rs. 2,500; second Rs. 750; and third Rs. 500. Handicap for horses III Div.
Mr Goculdass' KNIGHT OF CLONMELL 8-9 Lambert 1
Mr R E S's FIRST GRADE 9-0 Dobie 2
Mr Kelso's HUON RIVER 8-12 Riley 3
Mr Goculdass' CYLLIAN 8-10 Walker 4
Not run:—Bohea and Curator.
Also ran:—Gold Reef, Walhachin, Limehouse Lights, and Deslin.

The race:—A level start saw Huon River to the front followed by Gold Reef and Limehouse Lights. At the 6th furlong Limehouse Lights moved up and was running well with Huon River and Gold Reef. Knight of Clonmell joined the leaders at the 4th furlong, the order now being Huon River, Gold Reef, First Grade and Knight of Clonmell with Deslin last. The first into the straight was Huon River with Knight of Clonmell and First Grade on the rails. At the half distance Knight of Clonmell drew out to win a good race by half a length, two and a half lengths second and third, one and a quarter lengths third and fourth.

Time:—1 minute 42 3/5 seconds.

1st Tote paid:—Win Rs. 44; Places Rs. 14, Rs. 11/8 and Rs. 14.

Favourite:—First Grade.

Trainer:—J Robinson.

THE SALISBURY PLATE. Division II.—Distance 1 mile.

Winner Rs. 2,500; second Rs. 750; and third Rs. 500. Handicap for horses III Div.
Mr. Patel's ZIGOMAR 8-8 Morris 1
Mr. Frank's MILLMOUNT 9-2 Ritchie ... 2
Mr Darcy's OVERSEAS 7-5 Harrison 3
Mr Heath's JOVIAL 7-2 Purtoosingh 4
Not run:—Glass Rock.
Also ran:—Ragazzo, Roi Grison, Bathurst, Somali, Gentle Saxon, Perfect Day, and Overseas.

The race:—Bathurst was the quickest away followed by Zigomar, Gentle Saxon, Millmount. Zigomar was still in front at the 6th furlong, Millmount and Overseas moving up. Roi Grison also moved up. At the 4th furlong Ragazzo running prominently led the field into the bend where he tired. The first into the straight was Millmount with Zigomar close at his heels. The latter gained on the leader and finished three quarter length in front, half a length separating second and third, half a length third and fourth.

Time:—1 minute 42 3/5 seconds.

1st Tote paid:—Win Rs. 174; Places Rs. 42/8, Rs. 46 and Rs. 38/8.

Favourite:—Roi Grison.

Trainer:—G. Patmore.

THE BARAMATI PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 2,500; second Rs. 750; and third Rs. 500. Handicap for horses III Div.
Mr Goculdass' CAHIR LASS 8-7 S J Meekings 1
Mr Thaddeus' VICTORIA CROSS 7-4 Harrison 2
Mr King's LARANJA 8-5 Townsend 3
Mr Cannon's FLORELLA 7-13 Thompson 4
Not run:—Krushan and Somali.
Also ran:—Sospollo, Bohea, Paragua, Royal Jewel, Glass Rock, Robina, Milk Maid, White, Dart, Lady Changeful, Hibernia, Balline, Miss Glad Eyes.

The race:—White Dart was fractions at the gate. When the barrier rose Sospello was the first to jump out, Milkmaid, Cahir Lass, Royal Jewel and Bohea being his nearest attendants. At the bend Sospello was in front with Milkmaid close behind. In the straight Milkmaid was spent and gave place to Cahir Lass and Victoria Cross who now joined the leaders. At the half distance Victoria Cross looked an easy winner when Cahir Lass came up strongly to win by half a length, three quarter length second and third, one and a half lengths third and fourth.

Time:—1 minute 42 3/5 seconds.

1st Tote paid:—Win Rs. 132; Places Rs. 35/8 Rs. 34/8 and Rs. 19.

Favourite:—Laranja.

Trainer:—A Hoyt.

THE EBOR HANDICAP.—Distance 1 mile 4 furlongs 10 yards and distance.

Winner Rs. 6,000; second Rs. 2,000; and third Rs. 1,000. Handicap for horses.
H H the Maharaja of Cooch Behar's THE LARK 8-6 Ritchie 1
Mr Gahagan's FESTIVITY 8-0 Townsend 2
Mr Goculdass' SILVER SAINT 8-10 Lambert 3
Mr Tarrant's BRIDGEND 8-4 Dobie 4
Also ran:—Charle's Smile, Red Quill, Archer, Cally, On Leave, Steel Blue, C. C. Honeymoon, Thunder, Miss Goodenough and Charles William.

The race:—A good start saw Miss Goodenough take the lead with The Lark, On Leave, Archer, Festivity and Cally. This order was maintained through the greater part of the journey. Charles William showed for a while. At the turn Festivity was prominent with Silver Saint on the rails. In the straight The Lark challenged and overhauling the leader won easily by one and a three quarter lengths, head second and third one and a half lengths third and fourth.

Time:—2 minutes 50 4/5 seconds.

1st Tote paid:—Win Rs. 202/8; Places Rs. 39/8, Rs. 16 and Rs. 15/8.

Favourites:—Festivity and Silver Saint.

Trainer:—C Jennings.

THE CURZON PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 5,000; second Rs. 1,500; and third Rs. 1,000. Handicap for horses II Div.
Mr A M S Mahomed's MURMANSK 8-12 Burn 1
Mr Cannon's TROSTAN 8-6 Barnett 2
Mr Heath's MOSSLEY McPherson 3
Mr Goculdass' THE COUNT 8-4 Walker ... 4
Not run:—Belle Voyageuse II, Madame Sse, Allensmore and Dayspring.
Also ran:—Crushed Glass, Old Sport, Dorania, Zea, Quite Dark, Whit Week, Divide, Dialect, Joy Girl, Atrocity, Belle Syme, Happy Times.

The race:—Dorania led with Zea, Joy Girl, and Trostan. At the 4th furlong Joy Girl went to the front, Dorania and Crushed Glass moving up. At the bend Joy Girl spent herself and Trostan took command. The latter led into the straight but at the second enclosure Murmansk freed herself from the bunch and sailed home an easy winner by 2½ lengths, three quarter length second and third, head third and fourth.

Time:—1 minute 14 2/5 seconds.

1st Tote paid:—Win Rs. 52; Places Rs. 18, Rs. 35 and Rs. 19/8.

THE HOPEFUL PLATE.—About 5 Furlong.

Handicap for Arabs II Division.—Winner, Rs. 2,000; second, Rs. 700; third, Rs. 300.
Mr. Syed Mustapha's YADGHAR 8-1, Morris 1
Mr. Jamal's PENINSULA 8-1, Donnelly 2
Mr Mark's CENTRY 8-4 Bowley 3
Mr. Goculdas's MARSHAL PETAIN 8-8 Also ran:—Arvil, March Along, Ayr Laddie, Marshal Petain, Hero, Dowlat, Vernon.

The Race:—Arvil was left at the start, Dowlat Yadghar, March Along and Hero going to the front. Yadghar was in command at the 3rd furlong with Peninsula and Marshal Petain. At the turn Yadghar was first and led into the straight, Peninsula second and Marshal Petain third. At the distance Yadghar drew out and running well easily won by one and-a-quarter lengths, Centry b ya late rush securing third place. One length separated 2nd and 3rd, three-quarter length 3rd and 4th.

Time,—1 minute 8 secs.

1st Tote paid.—Win Rs. 50/8, Places Rs. 18/8, Rs. 53 and Rs. 40/8.

Favourite.—Marshal Petain.

Trainer.—Owner.

BOMBAY POLICE COURTS.

MR. E. A. PEERBHOY EXAMINED.

HOW HE WAS ASSAULTED.

At the Esplanade Police Court before Rao Bahadur C. H. Setalvad, Ag. Chief Presidency Magistrate Inspector Khen chaarged (1) Mahomedally Hakimji (2) Roshanally Mahomedally and (3) Esmailji Tayebji, with being members of an unlawful assembly and rioting with a deadly weapon, the common object of which was to cause grievous hurt to Mr. E. Adamji Peerbhoy an August 28.

Mr. Finan, Police Prosecutor conducted the prosecution, while Mr. Saher, barrister-at-law with Mr. Kanuga and Mr. Bhane, pleaders appeared for the complainant. Messrs. Nariman and Yesufally, pleaders defended accused No. 1 and Mr. Binning, barrister and Mr. Kamat, pleader defended accused Nos. 2 and 3.

Further, hearing was resumed on Wednesday.

MR. PEERBHOY'S STATEMENT.

Mr. Ebrahim Adamji Peerbhoy, the complainant, (47) merchant residing at Malabar Hill said he belonged to the Davodi Borah Community of which the Mullaji Saheb is the religious head. Unfortunately variance exists between the Mullaji Saheb and his family. The petition in this court was field by him as regards the Sanatorium and the mosque, as a result His Worship passed an order on the 25th of August last. The effect of the order was that a certain section of the community got excited. He remembered the 25th of August last. About 2-15 p.m. he was going to his solicitors Messrs. Edglow, Gulabchand and Wadia. As the Victoria come near the Solicitors' Office, witness got down. As he got down on the footpath towards the entrance of the Office of his Solicitors two persons rushed and gave blows on his head. He could not say with what they assaulted him. He moved back about two paces and he received blows from the back. Then, he raised both his hands towards off the blows. He turned round and saw nearly 3 or 4 persons when he began to get blows from all sides. Then, it seemed he got a severe blow on his shoulder and the result of it was that he fell down on the road. As he was falling down he was still receiving blows on the back and everywhere. After he fell down he received a kick on his right side and he turned round. He then, saw a person beating him with an umbrella. Another person was beating him with a whip like stick. When he fell down fist on the road he saw two persons beating him. There was a group of 10 persons just in front and round about him. He knew two of the assailants before. He knew them by name as well as by sight very well. They are *Borahs*. One man's name is Roshanally Ranghwalla and the other's Esmailji Kazijwalla. He had known them for several years. Besides thee two persons, he could identify others. All the three accused were his assailants. Accused No. 1 had lifted up a whip like stick. He did not see him heading. Accused No. 2 lifted up an umbrella and gave a severe blow on his head and nose. At that time he was protecting his head with his hand. As a result, he got a wound on his nose and the bones of his hand were hurt. While he was lying flat his clerk was on his right side on the footpath. He (the clerk) was shouting out, "Police, Police" Accused No. 3 dealt him a blow on his left thing with the stick. He heard accused No. 2 *"Sayed na no Hukam chhe chaku kare ne dne mari nakho"* ("It is the order of the Sayedna, take out the knife and kill him"). Sayidna is the Mulaji Sahib. Whilst he was lying down one European came to his rescue. He saw no one else coming to his help. The European and his clerk took him to Trechur and Co.'s premises. He was bleeding profusely from the wounds on the nose and the head. Dr. Mody came up there and applied some medicine to the wound (at this stage witness was shown his blood stained clothes which he had worn at the time). Whilst he was in Trechur's his Solicitor, Mr. Jahangir Talyarkhan came up there. Thereafter, a Police sepoy came up there and witness Mr. Wadia arrested the accused. During the assault the ruby set in the finger-ring was knocked off. The ruby was worth Rs. 4,000. After his injuries were dressed he asked them (the solicitors and the witness) to accompany him to the office of the Commissioner of Police whom he showed his condition. There was some talk and ultimately he went to Dr. Bachha's Hospital where his injuries were dressed. He was still under the treatment of Dr. Bachha. He could have defended himself as he had a revolver with him, but the whole thing was so sudden that he had not a moment's time to take out his revolver for which he was granted a license on July 26 last. He was carrying the revolver in consequence of certain information. He bore no ill-will against any of the accused. Whilst he was lying ill in the bungalow he remembered the Police visiting him there. He had made his complant at Dr. Bachha's Hospital. When the Police visited his bungalow they had brought two persons for identification. Those were accused Nos. 2 and 3. He identified them as his assailants. Accused is the first defendant in the Narailwadi burial. Ground affair. That suit was filed on the 2nd of August last.

Cross-examined by Mr. Nariman, witness said that from the Police Commissioner's Office he went to His Worship's bungalow along with a Police Officer, as he wanted to lodge a complaint before a Magistrate His object in going to the Commissioner of Police because was that he had all along refused to give him protection and therefore he wanted to show the condition in which he was at the time. He told the Commissioner how the breach of peace was committed and he was assaulted. He had no conversation with any police officer who accompanied him. The Police Commissioner did not record his complaint and referred him to the Hospital. It was under these circumstances that he went to His Worship's bungalow, as he thought the Magistrate was the proper authority. He expressed his desire to go to the Commissioner of Police. If he had recorded the complaint there would not have been any necessity for him to go to the Magistrate.

The case was, then, adjourned till to-day at 1 p.m.

"TAJ" EJECTMENT CASE

At the Esplanade Police Court before Rao Bahadur C. H. Setalvad, Ag. Chief Presidency Magistrate, V. A. Fernandez was charged with criminal trespass.

Mr. Shaher, Barrister appeared for the Indian Hostels, Company, Ltd., while Mr. B. J. Dhondi, pleader, defended the accused.

Further hearing of the case was resumed on Wednesday.

At the outset Mr. Dhondy requested His Worship to postpone the case as he had received instructions only that morning.

The Magistrate said that he would not postpone the case. There was no justification for the men to remain any longer in the Company's premises.

Mr. Shaher said that they were not going to take back the men and that they had already sent a reply to them to that effect.

The Magistrate said that the men purposely wanted to waste the time of the Court and therefore, he did not want to postpone the case.

Mr. Saher said that they would withdraw all the cases against the accused if the latter vacated the premises.

Mr. R. P. Gandhy was then cross-examined by Mr. Dhondy. He said the men's remaining in the premises was causing inconvenience. They were annoying the management. They had got clubs and coors where they could go. He had no occasion to speak to the accused. He did not personally know whether the accused was occupying the premises. He understood that the accused had not vacated the premises.

Mr. Dossabhoy S. Framroz, Asst. Manager of the "Taj" and "Greens" Hotels, said he knew the accused. He occupied the first floor of the servant quarters in "Greens". All the people were given the notices. The notices were passed on the premises of the servants' quarters and the "Greens" and the "Taj".

Cross-examined by Mr. Dhondy witness said the accused said at the time the notice was served the accused was present along with others. The notices were put up outside the quarters. There are roughly about 25 or 30 men occupying the accused's room. About two weeks ago when witness had been to the servants' quarters, accused was there.

Accused in his statement said he was occupying the servants quarters. He had gone on strike but he was not dismissed along with other strikers. He had nothing else to say.

Mr. N. N. Shaher in the course of his address said that he need not go over the facts of the case. The men ceased to be the servants of the company and hence they had no right to stay any longer in the Company's premises. Inspite of the notices, they wanted to stick on for the purpose of causing annoyance.

Mr. Dhondy's contention was whether it was criminal trespass, if His Worship held that notices were valid. He defended the accused but he did not want to take up the position that was untenable in law. He, then, in support of his argument, cited various legal authorities and said that the complainant told all the strikers to go away but they were not told so individually as required by the law.

Mr. Dhondy's address was not finished when the Court rose for the day. The case was adjourned till to-day at 12 noon.

COMPANY MEETINGS.

INDIAN LION ASSURANCE CO, LTD.

The third ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the Indian Lion Assurance Company Limited was held at the registered office, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, on Wednesday the 4th instant Mr. Naginlal Maganlal presiding.

The chairman moved the adoption of the directors report and statement of account for the period ended 31st March 1922 which stated:—The total premium Income on the business accepted amounts to Rs. 3,95,080-0-6 of this amount Re-insurances were effected for the sum of Rs. 1,99,813-4-6; thus the nett premium earned by the Company is Rs. 1,95,266-12-0.

The Revenue Account, after deducting the Brokerage, Claims paid and outstanding, Management expenses, and other charges as well as further Rs. 8,240-2-0 for preliminary Expenses amounting to Rs. 2,17,633-11-7 from the total Revenue Income which amounts to Rs. 3,06,135-3-11 there remains a balance of Rs. 88,451-8-4 of which your Directors propose to transfer to the Fire Reserve Fund for unexpired Risks Rs. 61,500-8-0 being 40 per cent on unexpired Risks, and Rs. 25,000 to the Contingency Fire Reserve Fund.

The report was adopted Messrs. Nanalal Maganlal and Girdhardas Mangaldas were re-elected directors and Messrs. A. F Ferguson and Co. were appointed auditors for the ensuing year.

A vote of thanks to the chairman terminated the proceedings.

THE CENTRAL PROVINCES PORTLAND CEMENT CO, LD,

The second ordinary general meeting of the shareholder of the Central Provinces Portland Company Limited was held at the registered office of the Company, Canada Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, on Friday afternoon Mr. Mathradas Goculdas presiding.

The chairman moved the Directors report and the audited balance sheet as at 31st March last which stated:—

During the greater part of the year 1921-1922, the work of constructing the Company's factory was considerably hampered by want of funds. After however the debenture loan of which you have already been informed had been arranged, a considerable quantity of machinery was shipped with the result that the company has now either at the works site or on the way to it practically two complete units. The 3rd unit, it is expected, will be shipped within the next few months.

The building work also has made considerable progress and it is expected that the factory buildings will be completed by the end of December 1922, and that the company will begin to produce cement by the beginning of March 1923. A representative of the agents is at present staying at the Works and every attempt is being made to carry out the work of construction economically and expeditiously.

The report was unanimously adopted, Hon. Mr. P. C. Sethna and Mr. C. B. Chartres were re-elected directors and Messrs. S. B. Billimoria and Co. were appointed auditors for the ensuing year.

A vote of thanks to the chairman terminated the proceedings.

INDIAN TOYS & GLASS MFG. CO LTD.

The second ordinary general meeting of the above Company was held on Tuesday the 26th September at the registered office of the Company. In proposing that the Balance Sheet and the Director's report be confirmed and adopted the chairman, Seth Haridas Pragji Thackersey, eulogised the splendid work done by the present Agents of the Company and took note of the liberal sum lent by him to it.

Mr. Velji Lakhamsey Napoo was re-elected as Director of the Company. The appointment of Messrs. Khimji Khetsey and Bhaidas Nanalal Mody as Directors were confirmed and Messrs. C. H. Sparwalla & Co. were appointed auditors for the period ending 31st March 1923.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE.

H. M. S. PINAFORE.

The J. C. Williamson Ltd., Opera Company scored another success at the Excelsior Theatre when they presented the breezy nautical opera "H. M. S. Pinafore" to another crowded house last night. It was a personal triumph for Mr. John Ralston as Captain Cororan the Commander of A. M. S. Pinafore. This opera was preceded by the short but amusing curtain-raiser "Trial by Jury."

A detiled report will appear in to-morrows issue. The programme is being repeated to night.

FIRE IN KASTURCHAND MILLS STORE ROOM.

On Wednesday morning at about one o'clock a fire broke out in the store room of the Kasturchand Mill situated at Dadar. Information was conveyed by means of a street fire alarm and the fire engine from Chinchpokly was on the spot immediately.

The damage is estimated at Rs. 5,000 which is covered by insurance. The cause is supposed to be due to a light carelessly thrown by a workman.

CASH OR VAIDA TRANSACTIONS?

MEETING OF BOMBAY SHAREBROKERS

An extraordinary general meeting of the Bombay Native Exchange and Sharebrokers' Association was held on Wednesday. Mr. N. P. Karani presiding for the purpose of making all transactions in shares on cash basis and not vaida, as heretofore.

Mr. Jamnadas Khushal said he had written to the Board about certain matters, the letter being signed by more than 50 members and he wanted to know whether the meeting could consider it then.

Mr. K. R Shroff said the matter would be considered at the next meeting, if the Board so decided. He could not, however, say whether the Board would decide that if the matter should at all be considered at a meeting; it was in the hands of the Directors.

Mr. Jamnadas said such questions were considered before at short notice and he did not know why it should not be so done now.

Mr. Hirachand Vasanji said the letter also contained a line that the meeting could be called when it pleased the Board, if not called on a particular date.

Mr. Jagjivan Ujamsey said such things could not be borne by the brokers too often; they might put up with them once or twice, but not too many times; the result of such a disregard of the wishes of the brokers would be that the general body would disobey the wishes of the Directors. What he wished to say was this: that only if the present syndicate, which was cornering shares, continued in existence, they should have cash transactions; otherwise they should continue the present system. He wanted the meeting to be postponed for a time.

It was no use bringing a crisis in the market simply for the sake of having cash transactions. They must look to the surrounding circumstances and then decide one way or the other, and it was no use coming to a hasty decision in the matter, as the question had gone to a Court of law.

Mr. M. B. Bharucha agreed with the previous speaker, and he wanted the question to be deferred for a month rather than for a short time only.

Mr. Jagjivan Ujamsey said he would move a proposition to that effect.

CASH OR VAIDA TRANSACTIONS?

Mr. Dinshaw Dadiburjor said they had met there to consider the question whether they should have cash or vaida transactions,—and not any other thing. What had they to do with any particular syndicate? Were they not a responsible body capable of considering these things? He was of the opinion that the matter should be decided either way, at once.

Mr. R. R. Nabar said the brokers were daily changing their ground; once they wanted cash transactions, and now they wanted to have *vaida* transactions. He did not know where they would be if they went on in that way. He wanted the decision to be arrived at immediately.

Mr. Erach Wadia said the question must be decided according to the wishes of the majority. The Board was bound to call a meeting when the majority so wished.

Another broker said they were intimately concerned with the movements of the Syndicate and it was no use pretending they were not. Could they ignore the doings of the Syndicate altogether? He thought not. They should rather postpone the consideration of the question, he said.

Mr. Taraporewalla said on account of the doings of the Syndicate hundreds of poor brokers had been ruined and he asked whether the interests of the majority were going to be sacrificed for those of the minority.

Mr. K. R. P. Shroff was heard to say that the majority wanted the question to be postponed to a future date. Mr. Jagjivan Ujamsey said they had no objection to *vaida*. When the Syndicate came into existence the brokers were hit all round owing to its transactions and in order to protect the brokers it was decided to have cash transactions, but only for the time being, and not for all time. Now that the question had gone before a Court of law, it was better to postpone consideration of the question for a time. He moved that the question be postponed and that the directors be authorised to call a meeting on a suitable date, at the end of the month, to be fixed by them.

Mr. Jamnadas Khushal seconded.

Mr. Dadiburjor asked whether they thought that in a week's time the whole outlook would be changed. The question could be honestly decided at once; that whether they should have cash or vaida transactions. It was impossible to satisfy all the parties—there must be differences of opinion. The question was whether the decisions of the Association were to be dependent on the doings of the syndicate. The sharebrokers must not look to their own safety so much as that of their clients. They must do their work honestly and not be guided by anybody, and it was no use postponing the question for a week.

Mr. Jagjivan said they must consider the interests of all and not of particular people. What he contended was that if they took a hasty step now, it would not be in the interests of the Association, as a whole. Nothing would happen if the questions were postponed for a time as they must decide all those questions according to the conditions obtaining at any particular time.

The proposition was then put to vote and 40 members voted for and 31 voted against. The resolution was then declared carried.

TAJ STRIKE.

LEADER THREATENED WITH FORCIBLE EJECTMENT.

Since Tuesday night the strikers had heard of the strange rumours that the management had instructed their new waiters forcibly to eject Mr. Alex A. Pais who is be friending the poor waiters and others, if he were to go to the Taj or the Green's Restaurant. These rumours were confirmed, to a certain extent, by a notice served on him to-day in Court by the Directors of the Indian Hotels Coy., Ltd., through their Solicitors, Messrs. Wadia, Ghandy & Coy. It is dated the 4th instant. It warns Mr. Pais that if he were to attempt to enter the premises owned by the said Company that is, the Taj and the Green's Restaurants, he would be forcebly ejected. The following premises are also owned by the Company run by the Tatas; Green's Servants Quarters, Maudlike House, tenanted by some of the headwaiters, kitchen staff and the clerical staff, and Wellington Mews where live the employees at the Taj.

The notice further calls upon him to give an undertaking in writing within 24 hours from the receipt thereof not to molest, coerce or intimidate any of the servants of the Company. In default of his complying with the above requisitions, the Indian Hotels Coy., Ltd., will immediately adopt such proceedings (civil and criminal) against him as they may be advised by their legal advisers at his risk as to the costs and consequences thereof.

The men met at Wellington Mews on Wednesday at about 6 p.m. said their Rosary, the Litany of the Saints, the prayers for the Novna preparatory to the feast of St. Anny. They then discussed the solicitors' notice served on Mr. Pais and, to the way and means to fall this new situation created by the letter. The picketing, with Rosaries, was done on Wednesday.

To-day (Thursday) there is the criminal trespass case and the police case against the strikers at the Esplanade Police Court.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

TO-DAY.

Municipal Corporation, 2-40 p.m.

FRIDAY, October 6.

Steamer Narkunda, with outward mail of 21st ultimo, expected to arrive, 7-30 a.m.

SATURDAY, October 7.

The s. s. Caledonia with English mails leaves at 1 p.m.

Poona Races: Ninth Extra Meeting.

SUNDAY, October 8.

9th physical culture Exhibition of the Zoroastrian P. C. & H. League's.

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATIONS.

Cable Perim—Obock is retored.

Telegrams for all places in Ireland may be accepted but those for places in the South and West are still subject to delay.

Private telegrams in plain language in Turkish and French are now admitted for Turkey in Asia. They are, however, subject to delay and military censorship. Communication with Smyrna is restored.

ROLLS-ROYCE-CAR.

In the advertisement which appeared on page 9 of our issue of yesterday there was a typographical error which showed the chassis price for the 20 h.p. Six-cylinder Rolls-Royce car as £1163/- delivered London. The correct price is £1160/-.

DR. VELKAR'S LECTURE.

Alluding to the lecture on Mahatma Gandhi delivered by Dr. M. B. Velkar under the auspices of the Pathare Prabhu Social Samaj, a report of which appeared in our issue of the 3rd instant "South-ayer" says the lecture had no connection with the scheme of lectures held elsewhere in Bombay on Gandhi Day and that Dr. Velkar did not strictly confine himself to the elucidation of Mahatmaji's principles of Non-Co-operation but advocated entry into councils.

PRABHU SEVAK.

The next issue of the "Prabhu Sevak" will not be out before the end of this week. Subscribers are requested to send their full address to the Manager of the Prabhu Sevak.

IMPROVEMENT IN A. C. MARKET.

For the convenience of the public a prominent place near the main entrance gate in A. C. Market has been set apart for receiving Parcels. A nominal fee of anna one or annas two per day according to the different sizes of the parcels is charged. It is hoped the public visiting the A. C. Market will take advantage of this facility.

BOMBAY BOY SCOUTS ASSOCIATION.

With a view to spread the Boy Scouts movement in the city, the Social Service League called a meeting of sympathisers on the 30th August last when it was resolved that a local Association be formed. It is, therefore, proposed to start the Association at a public meeting to be held in the Municipal Corporation Hall, on Saturday the 7th instant at 4-45 p.m. (S. T.) when Mr. Mirza Ali Mahomed Khan will preside.

DUSSERA GATHERING OF MILL WORKERS.

Under the auspices of the Kamgar Hitwardhak Sabha a meeting of millworkers was held on Saturday last on the Dussera Holiday at Manaji Hall, Lower Parel, when Messrs S. K. Bole, Baburao H. Ghagre, N. M. Kadam and others made speeches on education and temperance and other subjects. An interesting programme of Dand-patta and Chadi-patta was successfully arranged.

TRAMWAY STRIKE.

The Tramway authority issued the following statement on Wednesday:—

"157 cars were running to-day and 1201 men were working. Further 111 new men were engaged this afternoon. Two cases of assault took place yesterday, one of which has already been reported. In the other a Conductor had his head cut open with sticks near Gol-Pitha last night while in the act of putting the trolly pole to the wire. In spite of the being a crowded locality no attempt was made by any of the public to render assistance to the man attacked or to arrest the strikers."

TO-DAY'S MEETINGS.

BOMBAY PROV. CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

The Adjourned Special meeting of the Provincial Congress Committee for the City of Bombay will be held to-day (Thursday) in Krishna Building, Fort, at 5 p.m. (S. T.)

DR. ANNIE BESSANT'S BIRTHDAY MESSAGE.

The Birthday Message issued by Dr. Annie Besant in her 76th Birthday, is issued to the press. Mr. K. J. B. Wadia will comment upon it in a public lecture at the Theosophical Society Hall, Apollo Street, to-day (Thursday) at 6-30 p.m.

BOMBAY ARCHITECTURAL ASSN.

Under the auspices of the Bombay Architectural Association, a lecture on "Modern Sanitation" will be given, illustrated by models, experiments, and lantern slides by Mr. M. Simpson A. M. I. S. E., F. R. C. S. at 6-30 P. M. to-day (Thursday) the 5th inst. in the Architectural Rooms of Sir J. J. School of Art, Hornby Road. Mr. Charles Batley, A. R. I. B. A., President, will take the side. The lecture is open to the public and admission is free. All interested are invited to attend.

FORTHCOMING MEETINGS.

PROFESSOR DAMLE'S LECTURE ON PSYCHOLOGY.

Under the auspices of the University of Bombay Professor N. G. Damle, of the Fergusson College, Poona, will deliver his Post-graduate Lectures on Psychology in the Elphinstone College, Sanskrit Class Room No. 48 on Friday and Saturday, 6th and 7th of October 1922, at 4 P. M.

HELP VIDYAPITH.

PARSI RAJKEYA SABHA PUBLIC MEETING.

Under the auspices of the Parsi Rajkeya Sabha there will be a public meeting at the Marwari Vidyalaya Hall on Friday the 6th instant at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.), when Mr. Manilal Kothari will deliver an address on "Gujarat Vidyapith and Duty of Bombayites."

WEST MATUNGA M. T. CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

The second extraordinary general meeting of the members of the West Matunga M. T. C. C. will be held on Sunday next (8th instant) at 8 a.m. (S. T.) to consider charges made by the District Congress Committee in the rules and regulations of the Taluka Committee in the Committee's Office.

COTTON CONTRACTS CASE

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice [illegible] Rao Bahadur Sambhu [illegible] Cotton Contracts Case [illegible].

The case [illegible] was fixed for [illegible] instant [illegible] passage of [illegible].

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Thursday October 5, 1922.

THE RUSSIAN PROTEST.

There is some mystery al out the Russian note of protest against the blockade of the Bosphorus and the Dardanelles, and the British official rejoinder: "There is no blockade of the Dardanelles or the Bosphorus", only makes it deeper. For it is inconceivable that such a strongly-worded note of protest should have been drawn up and despatched by any Government without a reason in some incident or incidents. That such incident, (or incidents), may have had a special police character and be incapable of bearing the construction which the Soviet Government has put upon it, we can well believe; but to ask us to believe that the Russian note of protest was quite "groundless" is to ask too much of our credulity. There may be no "blockade" of the Bosphorus and Dardanelles, and yet the formidable naval concentration at Constantinople with the protective regulations it entails—not to speak of those other regulations for "neutrality"—without actually closing the Straits to Russian commerce may make them almost impassable for the shipping of a country which is known to be in sympathy and close alliance with the Turkish Nationalists. The freedom of the Straits is vital to Russia and the Ukraine. It is not vital to Great Britain, France or Italy. Therefore Russia can never be suspected of hostility to the much-advertised project of the Allies to secure the freedom of the Straits to the commerce of all nations. But in presence of the naval concentration at Constantinople and the control far more tyrannical control than the Turks ever exercised over the traffic through the Straits which the Allies have arrogated to themselves for three years past, she considers that the freedom of the Straits does not exist at present and that any machinery for its maintenance which the Allies may set up will allow such naval concentration under certain contingencies, since the League of Nations is a creation of the Allies and at their bidding and the force behind it is the force of the Allies alone at all. Hence the significance of Mr. Bonar Law's clear statement that "the Russian Government is for the freedom of the Straits, but for freedom appertaining to merchantmen alone, which would completely free the Straits and the Black Sea from the presence of foreign naval forces", and, as Russia since the downfall of the Czardom has renounced her claim to Constantinople and the Straits, and her ambitions with regard to other Turkish territories, we think that perfect freedom of the Straits could safely be established, as she wishes.

For the freedom of the Straits to foreign warships is a menace to the freedom of the Straits to commerce. For instead to talk of freedom for the waterways while claiming not only entry but effective control for her navy is arrant humbug. When Russia came to terms with Turkey on the subject of the Straits in the fourth decade of the nineteenth century, the terms allowed free passage to the Russian warship. That was why England took exception to the terms and forced a different arrangement on Turkey, which eventually formulated itself into a ban on Russian warships only. It was the ban upon her warships, while all others were allowed free entry, which exasperated Russia's feeling on the question, and gave her claim to Constantinople the colour of emancipation from a galling servitude. The complaints about the Straits have never been of Turkish guardianship but of the pressure brought to bear on Turkey from outside, and they have always concerned the right of passage through the waterway of foreign warships. Even when Turkey possessed a powerful fleet and was in a position to do what she liked there was no complaint of any interference with the commerce of the world by her. She always did her duty as the guardian of the waterway as faithfully as if she had been officially appointed to that position by the nations of the world.

The importance of the Russian note of protest at this moment cannot be over-estimated. It shows what Russia, an important factor in any settlement which may be reached, regards as essential to a settlement. The question of the freedom of the Straits is vital to Russia; she cannot afford to dally with it. And if she cannot get an assurance that it will be settled in accordance with her vital interests, she must go to war. If she must go to war there is no better time than the present; but she hopes that the required assurance may be given. She requires that no foreign—i.e. not Turkish—warships shall be allowed entry to the Straits, her own or any others, whether as "mandatories" of a League of Nations or in any other capacity. She has reason—so have we—to suspect that the policy of the Allies is aimed less at the real freedom of the Straits than at British or Allied control of all the traffic through the waterway; and she points out the way to secure the real freedom which alone she can accept. She insists upon the restoration of effective Turkish sovereignty, and a ban upon the entry of *all* foreign warships. That is certain to be represented in some quarters as her opposition to the policy of the freedom of the Straits. But it is not so, for the freedom of the Straits can only be secured on those conditions which do not by any means preclude the regulation of the traffic and policing of the waterway by an international Board like the Danube Commission. It is certain also to arouse objection as emanating from the Bolsheviks; if it had emanated from the Czar it would have been another matter. But Czarist Russia never made so modest a demand. She claimed nothing less than the sovereign control of the Straits, and England—oh, the irony of things!—had planned to give it to her. No Government in Russia could look with equanimity on the present naval concentration at Constantinople nor contemplate with equanimity the possibility of British or Allied control, however exercised. It is not a question of Bolshevist or Czarist, it is a question of the life of Russia, and if the question is not answered satisfactorily, war becomes inevitable. This Russian note, and the British answer to it, which we cannot but regard as frivolous, imports a far more dangerous element into the situation than Mustafa Kemal's ideas about the neutral zone.

THE LATE SIR BHALCHANDRA KRISHNA.

In the death of Sir Bhalchandra Krishna the public life of Bombay suffers the less of one of the few shining links which connect it with the nineteenth century. Though he kept up his medical practice—and a most busy practice it was—almost to the end of his career, he could find sufficient time to devote himself to muincipal, political, social and educational causes to an extent which to many was a puzzling phenomenon. The secret of his multifarious activities lay in the simplicity of his domestic life and the regularity of habits which he had cultivated from his youth. He was one of the trusted friends and colleagues of the late Sir Pherozeshah and took a prominent part in the public life of Bombay for more than quarter of a century. Though he took keen interest in politics and was always to be found on the side of Sir Pherozeshah, his contribution to the educational and temperance movement was much more solid and valuable. He was not a great social reformer, but he was also not a bigot in religious and social matters. He possessed a most generous heart and the poor of all classes could invariably count upon his help. His public activities were crippled lately owing to an unfortunate financial trouble but to the last he remained a generous friend of the poor and a sagacious counsellor on all matters of public or private weal, to all who sought his advice in his retirement. We offer our sincere condolences to the family of this distinguished son of Bombay and sympathies to the large circle of his friends and admirers.

Notes of the Day

How Britain Lost Her Opportunity.

Sir Abbas Ali Beg, like the Rt. Hon. Ameer Ali, is an incorrigible optimist to think that the pro-Greek British Cabinet cares a rap for the spirit of fairness in dealing with Asiatic people, including the Turks. In his article in the "Asiatic Review," of which Reuter has favoured us with the gist, Sir Abbas has stated that "Mr. Sastri's view that many Muslims in India are ready to forswear allegiance to the British Empire is overcoloured and need not be taken seriously, but it conveys a warning." Indeed, it is very kind of Sir Abbas to have taken it upon himself to champion the Muslims of the Empire and modestly claim that Muslims are as strong in their allegiance to the Empire as ever, the infamous treatment of Turkey, and repression of Muslim and Indian aspirations notwithstanding. We were inclined to regard Mr. Sastri as having been guilty of an under-statement, but he is put into the shade by Sir Abbas. Of course, it was in the power of the British Government not to overstrain the loyalty of the Indian people to the British Empire, if at the psychological moment, that Government had made a noble gesture of statesmanship. That moment was when the victorious Kemalist troops swept back to the sea the Greek interlopers in Asia Minor. If the British Government had at least yielded gracefully to the inevitable and accepted the triumph of Mustafa Kemal as a decree of Providence perhaps a reconciliation could yet have been brought about between Britain and the East. Mr. Lloyd George and Lord Curzon by rattling the sabre in the face of the Kemalists, have already, it seems to us, all but lost Britain's last opportunity in Asia.

Mr. Manilal.

After being insulted, isolated, deported, and deprived of the opportunity to carry on his profession on which he was dependent for his living, hounded out of British Colony after Colony, refused permission to practise in Ceylon and asked to leave the place as an undesirable, Mr. Manilal Doctor, barrister-at-law, has, at last, it is reported, been refused permission in the Bombay Presidency to practise as a lawyer. We do not know the grounds on which permission has been refused to Mr. Manilal to practise in Bombay though we are not aware of any ground on which permission should be refused to him. Apart, however, from the action of the Bombay High Court, Mr. Manilal must be feeling himself inordinately proud of belonging to an Empire on which the sun never sets. What has been Mr. Manilal's crime for which he has had to suffer as he has done so far? His crime is that he loves his countrymen. Mr. Sastri may burst with pride of imperial citizenship, but Indians know otherwise. We do not think that Mr. Manilal himself seriously meant to practise in this Presidency, for when he was in Bombay, he stated in an interview that he had definitely given up his intention of being again a lawyer, although he was not a Non-Cooperator. But whether he intends to practise or not, it is his inherent right to get admission and there is no reason why he should have been refused that permission. We trust some explanation of the matter will be forthcoming.

Interpretation of Indian History.

It is an old, old tale how Indian history has been perverted by most British historians for imperialist ends. In the spacious days of the last century such fiction passed muster, but the awakening which came later pulled down the earlier historians from the pedestal and generated commendable activity in historical research, with the result that we have got standard works dealing with certain aspects of Indian history like "Self-Government in Ancient India" and "History of Indian Shipping." Every new discovery regarding the coins of Samudragupta or the inscriptions of Asoka is welcome, but that alone will not suffice to give us the correct perspective of Indian history. The Indian mind has always been moulded by its mythologies. "To the vast majority of Indians the wonderful epic of the Mahabharata is literature, science, religion—in fact, everything that goes up to make the cultural inheritance of man." The same is also true of the Ramayana. They are the real *itihasa* or history, but they are nothing to the scientific historian who begins with the birth of Buddha and says that India, before his time, is not known to us. Fancy a history of Ancient Greece without Zeus and his polity! Dr. Tagore, in his lecture at Madras (a summary of which we published yesterday), struck the right note in unravelling the epic story of the Ramayana. Millions may have read the epic but none, so far as we know, has in such convincing manner adduced from it the lessons which the poet, who is also a seer, saw. The simple fact that all the *avatars* of the Hindus, with the solitary exception of Parasuram, have been Kshatriyas, who represented the progressive force in Hinduism, will do more to demolish the myth of Hinduism being conservative than any amount of vehement rhetoric. The Brahmins, on the other hand, though conservative in their social outlook, were, as the poet says, bold and daring in metaphysical speculation, the finest product of which are the Upanishads so felicitously expounded by Dr. Tagore in his "Sadhana." His views on the origin of caste and the synthetic aspect of Hindu civilisation he has already explained at great length in his book on "Nationalism."

Lloyd George on Curzon.

A correspondent writes:—

At a time when Lord Curzon is working in concert with the Prime Minister in the Cabinet, and at various international conferences they are hand in glove, it would be interesting to know what the opinion of the Right Hon. David Lloyd George was 12 years ago about Lord Curzon. Under the heading "A Torrent of Cheers", the "Indian Year Book and Annual", issued at Madras in 1912 published the following extract of a speech delivered by the present Premier at the National Liberal Club on 3rd December 1909 showing what the opinion of the latter politician was at that time about his present colleague. Lord Curzon was at that time pronounced by him to be "not a very wise or tactful person." It was then declared that he was "less dangerous as a ruler of the House of Lords than as a ruler of India" and that "he was a clever man with every gift except the gift of common sense." One would like to know whether the Premier now believes that during the course of twelve years his favourite colleague has uncommonly developed the gift of common sense and whether this noble Lord is now less dangerous as a prominent member of the Cabinet than as a ruler of the House of Lords. I shall now hasten to give the extract from the famous speech above referred to:

"Lord Curzon is not a very wise or tactful person. All I would say about him would be this: I think he is less dangerous as a ruler of the House of Lords than as a ruler of India. . . . For further particulars apply to Lord Kitchener. . . . . .

And more, if you want any more information, you might apply to Lord Middleton I will say no more of him. Then there is Lord Milner. There is one thing common between Lord Milner and Lord Curzon. They are both very clever men, but they are that class of clever men with every gift except the gift of commonsense."

A Matter for Enquiry.

We published yesterday the report of a Police case in which one Shivai Satyadin was charged with cheating one Danesh Prasad in respect of Rs. 110. The pleader, who defended the accused, said that he had no time to get instructions from the accused as the latter, the complainant and his witness were locked up in the same cell at the Princess Street Police Station the whole night. The Police Officer, who conducted the case, tried to explain away the incident by saying that there was some misunderstanding in the matter, admitting, at the same time, that the accused, the complainant and his witness were kept waiting at the Chowky. The Magistrate, with a view to ascertain the exact facts in the case, put the complainant in the witness-box and questioned him whether he and his witness were kept in the Police lock-up the whole night on Monday last with the accused. The complainant replied in the affirmative. As a matter of fact the case against the accused was entirely a false one, for he admitted having made a false complaint to the Police with the object of getting the accused arrested. Sharp as he was, though, in this case the Curiously, also locked up in the witness who was the father of the one call happened to be President of the complainant. The Chief Presidency Magistrate characterised the procedure at the Princess Street Police Station as "terrible." It is as reprehensible as it is unheard-of. The Commissioner of Police, to whom the Magistrate has forwarded a copy of his judgment, must immediately make a sifting enquiry into the matter and bring to book the police officer or officers concerned and let the public know the result of his enquiry and the step that he takes. But for the explanation of the Pleader for the accused, the matter would probably not have come to light. We do not know how many such incidents occur in Bombay of which the public knows nothing. That such an incident should have happened at all throws a lurid light on the Police administration in Bombay, which, in view of Dr. Kapadia's case, calls for searching examination at the hands of an independent Committee.

"Right Rev. C. W. Leadbeater."

A vote of confidence in Right Rev. C. W. Leadbeater has been passed by the Madras Theosophical Society Lodges in reference to the letters of Mr. B. P. Wadia. The resolution adopted by the Lodges is thus worded:

"A meeting of combined Theosophical Lodges assembled under the auspices of Mylapore Lodge on the 24th instant, takes the opportunity of placing on record its firm loyalty to, and implicit trust in, the venerable leader and President of the Theosophical Society and her great colleague, Right Rev. C. W. Leadbeater."

Similar resolutions were adopted, we are told, by Lodges in this Presidency. The loyalty of the Lodges to a comrade, just now under a heavy cloud, is indeed admirable, but we doubt whether in view of the recent disclosures about the T. S., the Lodges were quite wise to pass a resolution of the kind and parade it before the world. We have no desire to be harsh on the "Right Rev. C. W. Leadbeater" or any other member of the T. S. but, we think it is taxing the public forbearance to the extreme point by parading such resolutions as have been adopted by the Theosophical Lodges. Of this Right Rev. gentleman, who happens to be the dear colleague of Mrs. Besant, the following remarks culled from an English journal, may not be inappropriate:

"Bishop" Leadbeater, that rather smelly Theosophical Bishop, who runs a Liberal Catholic Church at Sydney, N. S. W., has been giving some particulars to his flock of life on Mars. The Martians are not much like those of Mr. Wells. They are a small race, and wear red, white, and blue nightgowns. They live in glasshouses, so constructed that while the inhabitants can see out nobody can look in. They are of indolent habits; but they must be very patient, for they train their domestic animals to work for them without supervision. They are polygamous, and all the children are handed over to the State to be brought up. They have eliminated disease, and old age troubles them not, but after a little longer life than our own that tired feeling becomes too strong to be resisted, and they betake themselves to the Martian lethal chamber, where the State gives them the rest they seek. The "Bishop" has obtained the information in various visits to Mars. Judging by the unsavoury nature of the revelations made about him recently in the Sydney newspapers, most Sydney people think it is a pity he did not remain there."

Mahila Seva Samaj, Bangalore.

The Mahila Seva Samaj, a purely non-official organisation conducted by Indian ladies of Bangalore, is doing good work in matters educational, social and philanthropic as evidenced by its eighth annual report which we have just received. They have not been too proud to enlist the help of the sterner sex in their work though, unfortunately, the report does not tell us in what way the Gentlemen Helpers' Committee has helped the institution. Perhaps the Committee is primarily responsible for supplying the sinews of war without which good intentions fail to fructify. Owing to the pressing need for the spread of education among women, the Samaj rightly devoted a great part of its energy and resources—to the tune of Rs. 5,400—to education. "The education that is imparted in the Mahila Samaj," the report tells us, "is not merely of the literary type, but embraces the general training of girls for the duties of household life. . . Instruction is given in domestic economy, cookery, hygiene, first-aid, music, sewing, etc., as also religious and moral subjects. Kindergarten and physical drill have also been introduced, and provision has been made for open-air games for the younger pupils." The Samaj had 164 members on its rolls at the end of the year. Its receipts and expenditure during the year under report were Rs. 12,219 and Rs. 6,197 respectively. The Samaj has a building of its own but the accommodation is far from sufficient for its growing needs. We hear similar complaints from almost every institution. What a legacy the classical economists have left us by failing to recognise housing as a prime necessity of man!

PROTECTION TO PRINCES.

SEQUEL TO DEMOCRATS' MANIFESTO.

GOVT. COMMUNIQUE

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, Oct. 4.

A communique, issued by the Government of India (Home Department) says:—The attention of the Government of India has been drawn to a statement which has been issued to the Press by Mr. Rangachariar and Mr. Ginwalla explaining the position of those who had rejected the motion for the introduction of the Bill to protect Indian Princes, and discussing the constitutional position created by the Governor-General's certification of the Bill. In this statement it is alleged that the Governor-General, in face of the deliberate recommendation of the Press Committee committed himself to legislation without a fresh examination of the question, that at the first reading of the Bill no new material facts were placed before the Assembly which could justify it in practically overruling the decision of a powerful committee and that the necessity for the measure was not clear on such facts as the Assembly had before it. It is further alleged that the circumstances were not such as to justify the exercise by the Governor-General of his constitutional right and in support of this contention it is argued that extraordinary powers of this nature are intended to be exercised only when all other avenues of securing the object in view have been explored and exhausted, and that in fact four other courses were open. The Governor-General and his Government, it is said, might have introduced the Bill in the ordinary way in the Council of State, and then have brought it back to the Legislative Assembly by proroguing the session of the Assembly and convening a new session immediately. Secondly, any technical difficulty in the way of the reintroduction of the Bill in the Assembly or its introduction in the Council of State in the ordinary course in the same session could have been got over by the prorogation of the two Chambers on one day and the re-summoning of them on the following day for a new session. The third course, it is alleged, would have been to allow the Bill to stand over until the re-assembling of the Assembly and the Council of State in the new session and to have reintroduced it, in either House, on fresh material. And, lastly, it is alleged that "In every form of constitution which bears any resemblance to responsible Government the dissolution of the Chamber and an appeal to the country against its decision could also have been resorted to.

This statement is in several respects misleading. The Press Committee considered that they would not be "justified in recommending on general grounds any enactment for the purpose of affording protection to the Princes in the absence of evidence to prove the practical necessity for such a provision of the law." Their general recommendation was thus entirely conditional on the continued absence of evidence sufficient to show that legislation was required. They expressly stated that they had been handicapped by the very inadequate representation of the views of the Princes and they made it clear that their conclusion was based entirely on the materials placed before them. In his address to the Legislature, on the 3rd September 1921, His Excellency stated that it was necessary to make some reservation in regard to this part of the report of the Press Committee, and that if the Press Act were repealed, it might become necessary to consider what form of protection should be given to the Princes in substitution. Subsequently, to the proceedings of the Press Committee a further and more detailed investigation was undertaken and it was then found that the occasions on which the Press Act had been used in connection with attacks on the Princes had been far more numerous than the Press Committee had been led to believe, and, further, that objectionable attacks were of very frequent occurrence. The question whether legislation was needed to protect the Princes against such attacks was fully discussed during the session of the Chamber of Princes held in November last, and the Chamber passed a resolution without a division recommending to His Excellency the Viceroy that steps should be taken to safeguard them, their, States and their Government.

BOUND BY AGREEMENTS AND HONOUR.

In this connection, it may be observed that no suggestion has ever been made that the powers given to the Princes under the Press Act have ever been abused by them. Indeed the argument has been that the Princes have availed themselves so sparingly of the protection afforded to them and that, therefore, there is no necessity for the legislation in question. It was in the light of, and in consequence of, the new materials elicited, and after consultation with Local Government, Darbars, and Political officers that the Government of India decided that they were bound by their agreements and in honour to afford to the Princes the same measure of protection as they had previously enjoyed by the Press Act, and this decision was announced in His Excellency's speech on the 5th September last at the opening of the Legislature. Later, in his speech moving for leave to introduce the Bill, Sir William Vincent indicated clearly the reasons which had led to this decision and pointed out that the Committee had not negatived the idea that such legislation might be necessary in the future; they had only stated that adequate materials had not been brought before them, and very few instances had, in fact, he observed, been brought to their notice.

RECEIPT OF "FRESH MATERIALS."

He also made it clear that further examination had revealed the existence of a mass of material which had not been before the Committee, and he cited 38 instances of insults and attempts to foment disaffection. These instances, he stated, might have been multiplied, but he refrained from doing so in view of the limitations attaching to the discussion of a motion for leave to introduce a Bill. Nevertheless, despite the announcement by His Excellency the Viceroy that the Government were committed, not only by Treaties, etc., but above all in honour, to the measure and in face of the clear indication by the Home Member that since the issue of the Report of the Press Committee, fresh materials amply justifying and indeed necessitating its enactment had become available, the Assembly rejected the motion for leave to introduce and declined even to consider the Bill. It is alleged in the statement of Messrs. Rangachariar and Ginwalla that a precedent for this action is to be found in the rejection by the Assembly of a Government Bill (the Indian War Relief Trust Bill) in September 1921. It is unnecessary to discuss the question whether rejection by the Legislature or one of the Chambers thereof of a motion for leave to introduce a Government Bill would, in any circumstances, be in accordance with constitutional practice. It will be obvious, however, to any one acquainted with the Indian War Relief Trust Bill and the proceedings in the Assembly in connection therewith, that there can be no real comparison between the action of the Assembly in rejecting that Bill and the course adopted by it in regard to a measure affecting the rulers of one-third of India and to which the Government had announced that they were committed by consideration of honour. The contention that there were other avenues of securing the object in view, which should have been explored and exhausted before certification was resorted to will not stand examination. Of the four alternative courses alleged to have been possible, the first two were obviously open to grave objections. The prorogation of the Assembly or of both the Chambers, to be followed by an immediate re-summoning for a new session, was clearly a course not contemplated in the rules, and one, moreover, which, in the absence of guarantees that the Assembly was prepared to reconsider its attitude, could have served no purpose.

MA-BAPS' SOLICITUDE FOR PRINCES.

The third course suggested, namely, that the Bill should have been allowed to stand over until the re-assembling of the Assembly and the Council of State in a new session would have involved a delay of a whole year and might have given rise to legitimate apprehensions amongst the Princes in regard to the intentions of the Government and moreover, could not be adopted by the Government on the subject of a Bill to which, as already stated, they were in honour committed. The final suggestion that the Government should have dissolved the Chamber and appealed to the country against its decision can hardly have been intended to be taken seriously. It it was so intended, however, it betrays a complete misconception of the circumstances in which such action by the Governor-General would be constitutionally justifiable.

IRISH PROVISIONAL PARLIAMENT

AGREES TO OATH OF LOYALTY

(Reuter's Telegrams)

LONDON, Oct. 3.

The Irish Provisional Parliament by a large majority has adopted the motion accepting the article which embodied the oath of loyalty to the Crown.

The rapid and smooth progress made so far warrants the belief that the full constitution based on the Anglo-Irish Treaty will be passed in time for submission to the British Parliament in the autumn session.

IRREGULARS CAPTURE O'MEATH.

LONDON, Oct. 3.

Irish Irregulars, swooping down from the mountains over Carlingford, have captured O'Meath, south-west of Belfast, by means of a bombing attack at four in the morning. Mines were employed in the assault on the barracks and at other points. Large Free State forces were hurried to the scene and heavy casualties were inflicted on both sides. The Irregulars held their gain and fighting continues over a wide area. The Regular forces are preparing a counter offensive from the headquarters at Dundalk.

FULL AMNESTY OFFERED.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

The *Irish Government* has issued a proclamation offering full amnesty to offenders surrendering their arms before October 15th.

INTER-ALLIED INDEBTEDNESS.

AN AMERICAN BANKER'S VIEWS.

LONDON, Oct. 3.

New York.—The wellknown American banker Mr. Lamont, addressing ten thousand delegates of the American Bankers' Convention to-day, said that the question of inter-Allied indebtedness had reached a stage in the public opinion of both America and Europe in which reparations were taking a secondary place.

Germany could not or would not pay anything like the reparations total fixed by the Treaty of Versailles. Mr. Lamont appealed to the practical sense of Americans to determine what if any allied debts to America could not be collected which should be written off in order, as Mr. Lamont expressed himself, to "quit fooling ourselves."

"EUROPE MENDING ECONOMICALLY."

Mr. Lamont declared that Europe was mending economically, notwithstanding the stormy political situation. He also criticised the American tariff which he said protected industries not requiring protection, while cutting of important foreign markets from Manufacturers and farmers.

Mr. Herrick, the American Ambassador to France, speaking at the same meeting, predicted that within a year, America would formulate a programme leading to the rejuvenation of Europe.

MUDANIA CONFERENCE.

PROBLEM OF EASTERN THRACE.

RUSSIA'S CLAIM TO PARTICIPATION.

(Reuter's Telegrams.)

LONDON, Oct. 3.

Constantinople.—The Allied generals arrived at Mudania for preliminary consultation this morning and met the Turkish representative, Ismet Pasha, this afternoon. The meeting was then adjourned till tomorrow to allow for the attendance of the Greek general.

QUESTIONS TO BE DISCUSSED.

LONDON, Oct. 3.

Constantinople.—The British, French and Italian generals departed for Mudania last evening. The Greek representatives will arrive to-morrow. It is expected that the Conference will last 24 hours and both Allied and Turkish circles here are optimistic as to the outcome of it.

It is announced that the Allied generals will propose that Allied contingents should gradually occupy East Thrace as the Greeks evacuate and agree on the installation of the Turkish administration and Turkish gendarmerie.

The question of the Chanak zone will be discussed by British and Turkish generals alone.

A further slight withdrawal of the Turkish cavalry before Chanak lines is announced to-day, but the Turks are still well within the neutral zone.

RUSSIA'S CLAIM.

A British official wireless received at Reuter's Simla Office from Leafield (Oxford) at midnight on October 3 says:—

No information has yet reached London in regard to the proceedings at the Conference which began this morning at Mudania between the Allied generals and Turkish and Greek military representatives. It is questionable whether the Greek General, Mazarakis, was able to reach Mudania at the time appointed for the opening of conversation, though he was reported to be hastening thither by a destroyer.

OCCUPATION OF EASTERN THRACE.

Newspapers generally agree that the Allied generals will propose that Allied contingents should gradually occupy Eastern Thrace up to the agreed line as Greeks evacuate it and that the Turkish Gendarmerie should be installed.

The invitation to the Peace Conference which foreshadowed the plan on these lines in Thrace expressly stipulated, however, that the Allied support for Thrace and concessions to the Turk was contingent upon the provisional neutral zones established by the Allies being respected by the Angora Government. Consequently the progress of the Mudania Conference depends very largely upon the attitude adopted by the Turkish representative on this matter.

The Turkish forces remain in Chanak zone though they have been withdrawn slightly from the British line of defence.

RUSSIA'S CLAIM.

Dealing with Russia's position in regard to the freedom of the Straits the "Daily Chronicle" points out that the Sevres Treaty provided for Russia's eventual participation in this matter. But it says the first business of the Allies is to make peace with Turkey with whom they are technically still at war. Not only is Russia already at peace with the Turks but she is in actual alliance with the Angora Government. Consequently Russia can make no reasonable claim to be present at the Peace Conference when it is held nor could she in any way assist the Western Powers to make peace. When, however it comes to determining the regime of the Straits, this country is prepared to admit Russia's claim to be heard on this matter. The Allied policy is, of course, to entrust the administration of the eventual settlement of this world problem to the League of Nations. The "Daily Chronicle" thinks that while such a settlement may be suggested in broad outline at the proposed Peace Conference, after it had concluded peace the question may be referred to a special *adhoc* body. To that body Russia might be invited. The League of Nations would also have to be consulted as it would be vitally concerned. The purpose of this special Conference would be to draw up a statute of the Straits more or less on the model of the Danube Statute. Such a statute would require the signature not only of the Danubian and the Black Sea Governments but of every Power whose ships sail the seas. It would have to be a world settlement.

TURKISH TROOPS NEAR CHANAK.

LONDON, Oct. 3.

Constantinople.—The Turkish column which withdrew from Erenkoi afterwards moved round in a circuit and eventually approached closer to Chanak. To-day's report shows that there has been a slight backward movement on the entire Chanak front.

RUSSIA AND THE STRAITS.

QUESTION OF PARTICIPATION IN SETTLEMENT.

LONDON, Oct. 3.

In connection with Russia's demand to participate in the settlement of the question of the Straits, it is authoritatively stated that the British Government fully recognises Russia's interest in the matter and considers that Russia, Bulgaria and other interested States should be represented at the Conference which will finally work out the details of the regime for the Straits. Russia, however, had no part in the present peace conferences.

GREEK EXACTIONS IN THRACE.

TURKISH COMPLAINT TO GEN. HARINGTON.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

Constantinople.—The Angora Government has complained to General Harington that the Mohammedans in Thrace are being subjected to perquisitions and exactions. The Government expresses the fear that the Greeks will damage the artistic treasures at Adrianople. The Allied Ministers have reminded the Greek Government of the necessity of keeping the troops under control to avoid the possibility of a conflict.

PORTE'S REPRESENTATIVES ABROAD.

ASKED TO MAKE PLACE FOR ANGORA REPRESENTATIVES.

LONDON, Oct. 3.

Constantinople.—The official members of the Turkish circles here announce that the Porte has decided to instruct its representatives in Paris and Rome to hand over the conduct of current affairs to the representatives of the Angora Government. The representatives of the Porte are to be recalled.

"TINO" ARRIVES AT PALERMO.

LONDON, Oct. 3.

Palermo.—Constantine and his family have arrived here aboard the "Patris" escorted by a destroyer.

RELIEF IN NEAR EAST.

AN AMERICAN COMMITTEE.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

Washington.—President Harding has appointed a Committee of citizens under the chairmanship of the ex-Postmaster-General, Mr. Hayes, to cooperate with the Near East Relief Association, which is obtaining funds for refugees. The President is writing to the Chairman of the Association expressing his sympathy with the efforts which the Association is making in this connection.

EMIR ABDULLAH'S ARRIVAL AT JERUSALEM.

LONDON, Oct. 3.

Jerusalem.—Emir Abdullah, accompanied by Mr. St. John Philby, chief British representative in Trans-Jordania, and Alyriza Pasha, the Emir's Prime Minister, have arrived from Amman *en route* for London, on an invitation of the Home Government.

FRENCH SEAMEN'S STRIKE.

LONDON, Oct. 3.

Paris.—Discussing the dispute with regard to the abolition of the eight-hour day in the Mercantile Marine, the Under-Secretary of Mercantile Marine expressed the opinion to-day that oversea ports would not follow the example of the merchant seamen of the naval reserve in Marseilles who were on strike. He was confident that a settlement would be reached and declared that, whatever the Marseilles seamen did, the Government's unanimous decision would be strictly applied.

GERMAN MARKS—8325 TO £ 1.

LONDON, Oct. 3.

The German marks have depreciated in London to 8,325 to the pound. The political situation in the Near East appears to be worrying Continental exchange operators. The sterling in New York has rallied to 439¼.

CABLE ITEMS.

Athens.—The Revolutionary Committee has decided to recognise Mrs. Meletios as Oecumenical Patriarch in order to end division in Church. The Holy Synod has promised to concur.

London, Oct. 4.—The P. and O. dividend, on deferred shares, is six per cent free of tax, making twelve per cent for the year.

The "Amerstdam Telegraph" learns that several Dutch rubber-growers who favour limitation of production have declared that if and when the British plan is carried out they also will voluntarily fall in line with the scheme for restriction.

COMPULSORY EDUCATION.

BILL REFERRED TO SELECT COMMITTEE.

DISCUSSION IN COUNCIL.

(From our own Correspondent.)

POONA, Oct. 4.

The Legislative Council assembled to-day at 2 p.m. Sir Narayan Chandarvarkar presiding. When the debate on the Compulsory Education Bill was resumed, Mr. Gandhi welcomed the measure duly appreciating the difficulties lying in the Minister's path. He advised the critics to look towards the measure in a broad and sympathetic spirit.

Mr. Haveliwala said that no religious susceptibilities were going to be hurt if the present legislature were passed and the speaker thought that his community would gladly welcome the step. Mr. Lallbhai Desai took up the debate and the Council found in him an opponent of compulsion.

TRIBUTES TO SIR BHALCHANDRA.

At this stage the news of the death of Sir Bhalchandra was received and the President remarked that in the death of Sir Bhalchandra they had lost a useful citizen and a generous soul. The President recalled the various phases of Sir Bhalchandra's activities in days gone by and concluded with expressing his feelings of sorrow at his death. Sir Ibrahim Rahimtulla wholly associated himself with the expression of sorrow and after this brief reference the Council resumed the debate.

Messrs. Patel and Dalal further supported the first reading of the bill.

Dewan Bahadur Godbole who was called upon to speak next said that his experience was that the public in rural areas was not prepared to agree to compulsion in the matter of education. The Minister must go on very cautiously with his scheme of compulsion. According to the speaker voluntary education should have first covered considerably village areas after which compulsion in the case of backward classes would suit best. He seriously thought that compulsion should only be introduced first in pulsion of large population in cities and big towns. Another difficulty which he warned the Minister was the almost insurmountable financial responsibilities which devolved upon the local bodies if the present bill be passed.

MOST IMPERFECT AND INCOMPLETE.

Mr. Pahilajani who was invited to participate in the debate started with recalling the promises given by the Education Minister in his speech of August 2nd. The recommendations of the Chandavarkar Committee were neglected utterly by the Honourable mover and that was a discouraging sign. The burden of Mr. Pahilajani's argument was that Government were not committeed anywhere in the body of the Bill to the principle of wholesale compulsion. The Bill, said the speaker, would not be quite binding on the successor of the present Minister, assuming that gentleman to be an anti-compulsionist. The Bill was most imperfect and incomplete. Mr. Pahilajani wanted a serious modification in section 8 of the Bill. The President having assured that the select committee could modify that section making compulsion the rule and option the exception, Mr. Pahilanji closed his remarks offering a few more criticisms on the financial clauses of the Bill.

The Hon. Mr. Lawrence having made a short speech, Mr. Paranjpye was called on to reply. Mr. Paranjpye agreed that compulsion was needed in villages first and Mr. Godbole's views, the speaker thought, would not meet with approval from a large section of the public outside the Council. The present Bill provided a machinery to reach the goal in 10 years to come. No Government could more definitely commit itself than was done in the present case. When consideration was given to the fact that the Bill was to cover all the area within a period of 10 years, Mr. Paranjpye argued, the Council was not entitled to determine the pace of the progress of education in the country at once for a hundred years to come. His opening speech was a solemn declaration of the Government policy and members need not have entertained as regards going back on their promises. Further it was in the hands of the future Legislative Councils to see that these pledges were being adhered to by Government. His business to-day was to lay down. A general policy which was as good as a declaration. So far as the general principle of compulsion was concerned. The first part of the bill calls upon the local bodies to introduce compulsion and Mr. Paranjpye thought that the choice in this matter must be left either to the local bodies or to government who would think and choose for themselves the various areas to be brought under compulsion from time to time. There cannot be any finality in education and therefore continued Mr. Paranjpye it was perfectly right and advisable to give local bodies the liberty to have their own schemes in the matter of compulsory education. As for the minor changes suggested in the constitution and taxation clauses of the Bill Mr. Paranjpye assured the House that the Select Committee would dwell on all these points. Coming to female education he said that he was quite disappointed at some retrograde remarks made in this House. Mr. Paranjpye briefly dealt with other minor criticisms and concluded his one hour speech amidst cheers. The first reading of the Bill was unanimously passed and the Bill was further referred to the Select Committee which consists of 18 members, seven forming the quorum. The members are as follows: Messrs. Hidayatulla Vs. Lorry, Chitale, Kale, Jadhav, Chikodi, Gandhi, Cooper, Phailajani Bhutto, Halkatti, Gholap, Sallauddin, Mansuri, Kombli, Havelliwalla and Mr. Paranjpye.

At this stage the President expressed his feelings of approbation and gratitude to

(Continued on next page.)

THE GOLDEN RULE.

"KALPATARU" OF BUREAUCRACY.

MR. SHRINIVAS RAO KOWJALGI'S STATEMENT.

Mr. Shrinivas Rao Kowjalgi, Vice-President, Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee, who was prosecuted before the District Magistrate of Bijapur, under Section 108, Criminal Procedure Code, and sentenced to 12 months' rigorous imprisonment, put in the following statement in Court in accordance with the policy of the Congress:—

I am, in official language, a political agitator. My countrymen consider me to be a worker for the uplift of our Motherland. I am a Congressman and an humble disciple of Mahatma Gandhi. I have been practising non-violence in thought, word and deed as far as lies in my power and inculcating the same principles in the minds of the public. In my lectures I have studiously abstained from making use of unparliamentary language even against those whose policy I have attacked. Hence I was surprised when testimony was given against me that I called Government servants dogs licking after-dinner leaves. I can only meet this charge by a solemn denial of having uttered these words. They do not do justice to my status as an humble political thinker and worker of long-standing, as also to my being a disciple of Mahatmaji. I am really sorry that a countryman of mine should imagine such a thing of me.

As the working President of the Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee, I have been instrumental in the non-introduction of mass civil disobedience with its corrolary the non-payment of taxes, as a political weapon as far as Karnatak was concerned. Therefore I was surprised when, from mere hearsay, the preaching of non-payment of taxes was inferred against me. Preaching and practice may differ in the case of politicians, but it is not so with non-cooperators whose greatest strength is truth in speech and action. I deny the preaching of non-payment of taxes as also the medal incident.

The Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee has, on more than one occasion and even before the Bardoli Resolution of February, 1922, expressed its view against mass civil disobedience as far as Karnatak province was concerned.

In the first Karnatak Conference at Mangalore on 11th February, 1922, the resolution that I had the honour of proposing ran thus:—

"(a) Taking into consideration the peculiar situation in, and the circumstances of the Province of Karnatak, this Conference resolves that, while carrying out all the items of work, except civil disobedience separately dealt with below, expected of it by the several resolutions of the National Congress, the All-India Congress Committee and the Working Committee of the All-India Congress Committee, work in this province should mainly be concentrated on:—(1) The cementing of unity between diverse castes, classes and creeds in the province. (2) Intense spread of hand-spinning and hand-weaving. (3) Enlisting of volunteers. (4) Removal of untouchability.

"(b) That this Conference while recognising the inadvisability of starting mass civil disobedience at present in the Karnatak, appeals to all and calls on all non-cooperators to offer individual civil disobedience of an offensive character whenever the primary rights of free speech, free press and free association are attacked, by executive orders or notifications, provided that the conditions contained in the volunteers' pledge passed by the National Congress resolution are fulfilled by every such civil resister."

This resolution was unanimously adopted. My preachings have been confined to the four items mentioned above as far as possible with the addition, in places, of the removal of the drink-evil. At Amingad, spoke only on Khaddar as the majority of the audience consisted of weavers.

If awakening my countrymen to their birth-rights and duties to the Motherland and preparing them for Swarajya be sedition, I shall have to go on doing that work if left free.

Sedition is such a funny thing that it can assume any form according to the wishes of the wisher. Like the divine *Kalpataru* it can yield anything you want. Moreover, what is sauce to the goose is not sauce to the gander. One man's food is another man's poison. In these circumstances silence is gold and speech silver. I follow the Golden Rule.

I shall be glad if I receive what I consider to be my reward for loving my country with devotion. I will feel that my prayers have been heard on High and I am being given an opportunity of rising still higher spiritually by Tapasya in the Ashrama that is provided for devotees like me. Here ends my part, and the next begins. I shall have nothing but love for you whatever your decision may be. That is our gospel which we practise. May God give me strength enough to withstand temptation of any kind likely to come in the way of my service to my Motherland and through her to Humanity. So help me God!

A correspondent wires from Belgaum:—Through the exertions of Mr. Gangadharrao Deshpande and Shrinivasrao Koujalgi and two leading Lingayat Congress workers in the province of Karnatak a long-standing dispute between Brahmins and Lingayats of Athni in [illegible] District regarding the procession called the *vyasontol* procession was amicably settled to the satisfaction of all parties concerned.

BYCULLA CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

CELEBRATION OF GANDHI JAYANTI BY DEPRESSED CLASSES.

Under the auspices of the Byculla District Congress Committee, a public meeting was held on Friday last at Kathrapatty Tatdeo, Mr. V. A. Desai was voted to the chair. Among the speakers were Messrs. J. B. Patel, Pragjee Desai and Podvekar. Mr. Patel in his speech appealed to the men and women assembled there to remember Mahatmaji's saying, about getting "Swaraj" that unless the curse of untouchability was removed there could be no Swaraj. He said "to-day is Mahatmaji's Birthday and we have met here to pay our homage to him." Proceeding he said they could not be true to Mahatmaji unless they took to spinning and weaving. They should keep his memory green by using khadi.

Then Mr. Pragjee Desai, a member of the Depressed Classes appealed to the audience to take to khaddar and the spinning wheel, by which alone they would win Swaraj and relieve the depressed classes from the miserable condition under which they were suffering.

The chairman (Mr. Desai) said that he was glad to meet Antyaja men and women sitting there to hear what they had to say on that auspicious day. Mr. Patel and others had already said all that had to be said and he need not go in detail. When he spoke before them during the National Week in April last, every one of them took an oath to use khadi, but to-day he felt ashamed to see most of them using foreign clothes. He knew, they were not to be blamed and admitted it was their duty to go there every now and then to know their wants and to educate them. Mahatmaji's spirit was there and the Government had kept only his body in confinement. He appealed to them to hear what his spirit says: a "khadi, nothing but khadi and Spinning Wheel." If they had not taken up to these yet they should begin soon. He promised that the Byculla District Congress Committee would be prepared to give them all possible help. The meeting terminated with National song and songs on Mahatmaji, specially composed for the occasion by the Depressed classes.

GANDHI WEEK IN "G" WARD

AN OBSERVER'S IMPRESSIONS.

"An Observer" writes:—After closely observing the G Ward Congress Committee members and volunteers at work during the Gandhi Week, the apparent sincerity and devotion with which they were seen to carry out their self-imposed task and the thoroughness of their working organisation, I have formed the impression that if workers in other parts of the country also were equally earnest and willing during the week in question, the expectations of those who conceived the idea of setting apart a week for intensive national work would have been more than realised and India to-day would have been much more near her goal than she was at the commencement of the week. I was very much struck with the evident success of their labours, the enthusiasm they were able to inspire all-round and the spirit with which every item of the programme of work was gone through. There are very few well-to-do people in the G Ward. It is the poorest ward in Bombay and the people among whom the volunteers have to work mostly belong to the poorer classes. If the scant attention shown by the City Fathers to the affairs of this ward could be taken as an indication of the opinion of these august personages, they consider Dadar, at least the thickly inhabited portions of it, below their notice—look at the miserable Dadar Road, lanes and gutters, the twenty-four hours parade of nightsoil carts, complete absence of any sort of decent sanitary arrangements and the dirty state of the whole locality. I should say that the Dadar ward is the most neglected of all wards. This is only by the way. What I mean is that the place in which these volunteers have to work is by no means a very encouraging one. I had occasion to speak about these matters with some of the volunteers themselves and they assert that the people generally need a lot of talking to before they could be convinced of anything.

Yet I am told that they met with sufficiently encouraging response from all quarters. They had been at least once to practically every home, whether of the rich or the poor. It is not the number of yards of Khadi sold that matters (there are not many here who could afford to buy a Rupee worth off-hand), but it is the educative value that is more important. I saw people gathering at the spinning demonstrations as they do at cinema shows. There are more Khadi-clad people in the streets to-day than before, and the message of Khadi has reached almost every home. It is this kind of propaganda that is required and any amount of money spent for this purpose is spent rightly. Nobody has a right to complain that the country has not taken to Khadi as it ought to before such comprehensive propaganda work is done.

The enthusiasm and spirit shown by lady volunteers deserve a special word of praise. The ladies of the locality as well as those from Bombay were not, I observed, second to their brothers in their determination effectively to carry out the duties they had taken upon themselves. Their presence at the spinning demonstrations and in the streets were a source of inspiration to the spectators and the success of the week is in no small degree due to them.

One thing I noted with pain—nothing was done in furtherance of the social side of the national programme—I mean removal of untouchability, etc. I am afraid the country has not a line of work placed before it in this respect. One of the G Ward workers to whom I mentioned this fact exclaimed "We don't know what to do." It is for the leaders to place before the public concrete proposals for work in this direction.

Owing to further rain during the week it has been decided to postpone the Barrackpore autumn meeting from Thursday, 5th October to Saturday 7th October and Saturdays meeting to Wednesday 11th October.

BRITISH TEXTILE TRADE.

"DISTINCT SIGNS OF REVIVAL."

LONDON, Oct. 3.

Speaking before the Textile Society at Manchester to-day, Sir Edwin Stockton declared that the proposed revival of the cotton control board or similar combination would be a step in the wrong direction. There were distinct signs of a trade revival. The prospects of the Indian market were bright and there were other big outlets such as China and South America which were gradually but surely convalescing. None of them were overstocked and all of them would need substantial replenishment in the immediate future.

FREIGHTS BETWEEN MANCHESTER AND BOMBAY.

AGREEMENT SIGNED FOR REDUCTION.

LONDON, Oct. 3.

An agreement has been signed between the Manchester Chamber of Commerce and the Bombay Steam Trade Conference to reduce the freights between Manchester and Bombay by 37½ per cent. to 50 shillings per ton weight of forty cubic feet measurement, plus 10 per cent. less deferred rebate. Ten per cent. will be the rate till December, 1923, after which date it will be renewed annually. The reduction is operative immediately and the shippers undertake to ship the goods by the Conference lines for five years. Glasgow and Bradford shippers are taking similar steps.

COMPULSORY EDUCATION.

(Continued from previous page.)

Mr. Norman, Secretary of the Legislative Council, who was going away shortly making room for Mr. D. C. Mehta, Sessions Judge, Poona.

ENTERTAINMENT TAX.

The Honourable Mr. Lawrence next introduces Bill No. 20 of 1922, an Act to impose a duty in respect of admission to entertainments in the presidency of Bombay. A dozen of members made brief speeches supporting the bill, Mr. Haji alone going against the bill.

Messrs. Salgar and Garud gave their conditional support to this bill provided the receipts thus obtained were spent on primary Education.

Rao Bahadur Kale got it explained from Mr. Lawrence that the present bill was also to affect the race course which was equally a sport as any other. This admission had almost quelled all probable opposition and in spite of Mr. Haji's amendment for postponement of the bill the first reading of of the bill was passed and a Select Committee with fifteen members was appointed to report. The Committee consists of the following:—Messrs. Mehta, Lawrence, Chitalo Bole, Gandhi, Clayton, Nelson, Haveliwala, Dadachanji, Kanji Dwarkadas, Mead, Griffith, Thomas, Sabanddin and Haji. The Council rose for the day at 7 p.m.

VICTORIA JUBILEE TECHINCAL INSTITUTE.

The results of the City and Guilds of London Institute Examinations held in 1922, at the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute have now been published and the following success-ses have been obtained by students of the V. J. Technical Institute.

Seven students entered for Cotton Spinning Examination and six or 85 per cent were successful viz. 4 in Grade II. 1 in Grade Final Sec A. and one in Final Sec. B.

Ten students entered for Cotton Weaving Examination and 3 or 30 per cent. were successful; viz: 3 in Grade II, Plain and Fancy Cotton Weaving.

Eighteen students of the Institute entered for Electrical Engineering Examination and 11 or 61 per cent were successful; viz: 1 in Grade I, 6 in Grade II (D. C.) and 4 in Grade II (A. C.).

Nine students entered for Principles of Lead Work Examination and 7 or 77 per cent. were successful, viz: 1 in Grade I, 3 in Grade II and 3 in Grade Final.

Five students entered for Motor Car Examination Grade II and all were successful.

One student entered for Mechanical Engineering Examination Grade II Division I and passed.

One student entered for Electrical Installation Work Grade I and passed.

The average being 50 per cent of the Institute students examined.

BADMINTON IN DHARWAR.

A Badminton Match between the members of the Karnatak College Gymkhana and the members of the Catholic Club came off on the 1st of this month. The College was successful in all the events except the first, as the following results show.

Gruth, M. S. and Gayahude beaten by Fernandes and B. Saldanha (13-21 and 10-21.)

T. S. Gruth and Raichur beat De Souza and Rebello (21-4, 21-9.)

Mirdha and Abhyankar beat Rego and Silva (11-21, 21-14, 21-1.)

Prof. Bhat and T. S. Gruth beat Prof. Saldanha and Fernandez (21-13, 21-16.)

PRINCIPAL SANJANA MEMORIAL.

It is intended to present an address, on behalf of the past and present students of the Samaldas College, to Pricipal Sanjana, on his retirement from service after a long and brilliant career. It is also desired to institute a suitable memorial to perpetuate his connection with the College. A provisional committee, to collect funds and arrange preliminaries, has been formed.

All past and present students and friends and admirers of Principal Sanjana are requested to send their subscriptions to any of the undesigned.

It is proposed to present the address at the time of the College Social Gathering, which will be held on the 8th, 9th, and 10th instant.

A number of Calcutta sportsmen are making an effort to send Birendra Kumar Bose who won the recent twenty-two miles swimming contest in the Hooghly to England next year. This is mainly with a view to his attempting the channel swim.

The situation in Calcutta Presidency jail is quiet and prisoners appear to be in a better temper, but they are still locked up. Work inside the jail has not yet been resumed.

HELP VIDYAPITH!

DO YOUR DUTY TO GANDHIJI.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—As days roll on, we see more and more of our bondage! We are told, times without number, that we enjoy the utmost "freedom" under the present Government! But thanks to the Bureaucracy, and their Reactionary Policy, even the Loyalists begin to perceive, that Freedom and Liberty, Equality and Fraternity, are merely expressions, that are utilized on State occasions; and that in every day life, we have to put up with, what is bluntly called, *bondage*! And how has this been imposed on us? Through the Western Education! Let us see:—

(1) At the School and at College, we have been taught of England's greatness in War, in Army, in Navy, in Administration, in Literature, in Science, in Art, in Industry, in Manufacture, in Culture, in Capacity, Chivalry etc!

(2) We were taught, that France was effiminate! Germany was militarist! Russia was brutally oppressive! Turkey was perpetually weak and "sick"! England alone stood for Freedom and Fair-play!

(3) We were further taught—nay, our boys are taught even to-day—that there was nothing but chaos and anarchy in this country, before the British took up the Administration! That in Arts, Industries, Commerce, Shipping etc., India was far behind Britain! That India had little to think of, to know of, to be proud of, etc! That it was England, that excelled in all walks of life! And to India, England was the best model!

(4) It is this kind of education, belauding Britain and belittling India, that brought about the *slave mentality* amongst our people. It is this system of education, that has kept us in bondage. It is this type of education, that is obstructing our emancipation. It is on this account, that Lok. Tilak and Mahatma Gandhi have pressed for *National Education*.

National Education strikes at the very root of Foreign Domination and Exploitation. It inspires patriotism, self-respect, and the spirit of service to, and sacrifice for, the Motherland. The Gujarat Vidyapith, the pet Institution of Mahatma Gandhi, prepares 40,000 students for National Work. We need them all, and hundred times more, for our country's cause. We need soldiers—non-violent, never-failing—soldiers—for our struggle for Swaraj. The Vidyapith undertakes to prepare them. So, countrymen, help the Vidyapith to-day, and do your duty to Gandhiji to-day.—Yours, etc.

BARJORJI FRAMJI BHARUCHA.

KHILAFAT AND ASIATIC SOLIDARITY.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—There are rumours of the threatened deposition of the Sultan and the installation of the heir-apparent in his place. The Sultanate is not merely a Turkish institution. Millions of Moslems outside the Turkish Empire have been evincing their deep concern in the maintainance of the dignity of the Khilafat. In very many cases they have borne heavy sacrifices. The question that suggests itself at this moment is whether there is anything whereby we could give a healthy turn to this renewed solidarity amongst the Islamic peoples. As matters stand to-day there is a likelihood of this brotherly feeling dying out as a result of mere inanition. Can we not forge some link that shall always pull us short when we lose our moorings and drift away from the waters of the great Islamic Brotherhood?

It is, indeed, but fit that there should be festivities, illuminations and other demonstrations of joy at the victories of the valiant Turks. But before this ebullition of spirit subsides it behoves us to consider if we cannot utilize this momentous occasion for a more serious purpose, such as would not only perpetuate the memory of this glorious fight but should, at the same time, lay the foundation of an institution that would always be the upholder and champion of freedom.

The League of Nations—in essence, an association of Western Lamas—arose, so to say, out of conflict. Can we not create a more effective League in Asia, out of harmony and sympathy—a real community of interest and feeling which recent events have so happily engendered amongst the peoples in the East? Before commercialism and lust of territorial expansion cool the hearts that so warmly respond to one another across thousands of miles, let us have some central institution which would not let the warmth dissipate itself. Angora, which has proved the most glorious bulwark of Asiatic liberties, should, indeed, be a fitting place to serve as a permanent home of that central institution. Let it be the abode from whence may radiate peace, harmony and good-will to all peoples alike—a Court of Arbitration to settle all Eastern International dispute—a sacred enclave whence the oppressed could always look for refuge, justice and mercy. And we may have a special Court affiliated to this large body which should concern itself with purely Islamic affairs. The purpose of affiliation is that the main object of Eastern solidarity may not be lost sight of. The function of the Islamic Court should be to give authoritative "Futwas" on disputed matters and to try to bring about a uniformity of practice and belief amongst the followers of the Prophet. Would not the voice of dissension be hushed when there is so much in common to hold, to love and to venerate?—Yours, etc.,

TAHER S. MAHOMADI.

Marine Lines, Bombay, Sept. 28.

CRICKET IN NAGPUR.

(Associated Press.)

NAGPUR, Oct. 3.

In the final contest of Quadrangular cricket, Hindus beat Provinces by 138 runs in the first innings. Hindus scored 363, while Provinces 225. C. V. Naidu 101. C. L. Naidu 101, Munaswamy 70, Govindswamy 25, Chaubey 19, Bruce 70, Capt. Hollins 33, Mayberry 22, Greenfield 20, Capt. Pevy 19. Hindus are batting in second innings.

THE LATE SIR BHALCHANDRA KRISHNA.

A MODERATE STALWART OF BOMBAY.

In the death of Sir Bhalchandra Krishna who passed away on Tuesday, Bombay has lost one of her most prominent citizens and the medical world one of its most honoured members. Born in 1852, Sir Bhalchandra was associated with many public activities in the city. He represented the Girgaum ward on the Bombay Municipal Corporation from 1889 to 1919, when he was compelled to retire owing to failing health. He was three times elected Chairman of the Standing Committee and once President of the Corporation. He was a member and for some time President of the Council of the Bombay Medical Union. He was a Syndic of the Bombay University for several years, a Dean in Medicine and a Fellow till his death. He was the first to bring the Housing question before the public by reading a paper on the subject in 1905 at a public meeting at which the late Sir P. M. Mehta presided. Lord Curzon wrote a private letter to him complimenting him on the ability and knowledge with which the question had been dealt with by him. The City Improvement Trust found the paper so useful that it got it reprinted. He sat for several years on the Trust's Board as the representative of the Corporation. He took a leading part in the temperance movement and presided at one of the sessions of the All-India Temperance Conference. He was also President of the Marathi Sahitya Sammelan held in Bombay. He was for some time member of the Bombay Legislative Council and was one of those who "non-cooperated" with Government by leaving the Council Hall as a protest against the Land Revenue Act Amendment Bill. He presided over the Bombay Provincial Conference in 1906 held at Surat. Being a man of benevolent tendencies he lavishly helped the poor and the needy people and was particularly noted for his munificence towards educational institutions. He founded the Hindu Sanatorium for tuberculosis at Karla in 1912, the first of its kind in this presidency. For his proficiency in Ayurved the Doctor was awarded the degree of "Pranacharya" by the Bombay Ayurvedic College. The deceased was, for a long time, a Director of the Indian Newspaper Company, Ltd.

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICAL PRACTITIONER.

The following are extracts from a biographical sketch of Sir Bhalchandra Krishna which appeared some years ago in the "Album of Men and Women of India:—

A man of many activities, quick to sympathise with the sufferings of the poor, and never sparing himself in the service of the country, Sir Bhalchandra Krishna occupies a prominent position in the public life of Bombay. Since he established himself as a medical practitioner in this city in 1885, he has steadily risen in his profession and has been regarded as a very useful member of the Hindu community. Though from the commencement of his professional career he enjoyed a vast practice, he soon interested himself in public questions. The year 1889 was the starting point in his public career as it witnessed his election to the Municipal Corporation by the ratepayers of the Girgaum Ward, which he continues to represent to this day. Notwithstanding the heavy professional demands upon his time, he had always been one of the most regular attendants at the meetings of the Corporation, and never failed to take a deep interest in the affairs of that body.

Born in the year 1852 at Palasape near Panvel, Bhalchandra was the third of the four brothers, all of whom have more or less taken part in public life. His father, the late Krishna Shastri Bhatavadekar, was a great Sanskrit scholar and well versed in medicine. In 1869 we find young Bhalchandra in the Grant Medical College where at almost every examination he invariably topped the list. In 1873 he passed his L. M. in the first class and carried off the Sir Jamsetjee Jijibhai Gold Medal and the Charles Muirhead Prize.

In those early days, Government service afforded many attractions to young men fresh from College, and it is no wonder that Dr. Bhalchandra immediately accepted the appointment of Assistant Surgeon in the J. J. Hospital, and was soon afterwards transferred to Bandra. Promotion came quickly, as his superiors were not slow to recognise his merits. He was promoted to a post carrying considerable responsibility and trust at Palanpur.

It was in the year 1885 that Dr. Bhalchandra came down to Bombay and set up as a private practitioner. The practice that he began to command from the very outset of his career was, as we have stated before, very large, and he has not only been able to keep this up but enhance it, notwithstanding the multiplicity of new practitioners. Dr. Bhalchandra was nominated a Fellow of the University in 1887 and subsequently elected a Syndic in Medicine for two successive years. He was one of those who fought strenuously for the raising of the status of graduates in Medicine and the substitution of the degree of M.B. for L. M. & S., and under the able leadership of the late Mr. Justice Ranade succeeded in getting the vernaculars introduced into the curriculum of the M.A. examination. In all the battles fought on the floor of the University Hall, he was, as a rule, to be found opposing every retrograde measure, and fighting on behalf of such as were calculated to safeguard and promote the interests of higher education. The Senate showed their appreciation of his services by unanimously electing him in 1901 as their representative on the local Legislative Council, and he was elected a Dean in Medicine in 1904.

Neither were the Government behind other bodies in recognising his worth and merits. They nominated him a J.P., a Fellow of the University, and in 1897 a member of the Local Legislative Council, and it was during his first term of office that the Bombay Improvement Trust Bill was passed. In company with Sir Pherozeshah Mehta he played no insignificant part in the elimination of some of its objectionable features, and in so moulding it as to meet, to some extent, the wishes of the general public. Government showed their further appreciation of his services by the bestowal of Knighthood on him—an honour the significance of which can be best understood in the light of the fact that he was the second recipient from among the Hindus in the Presidency, the first being the late Sir Mangaldas Nathoobhai.

Some time back, the Educational Department resolved to introduce some alterations in the orthography of the Marathi language, which in the opinion of competent Marathi scholars, were unreasonable and uncalled for. A committee was formed, with Sir Bhalchandra as its President, which pressed their case so strongly and reasonably that the Government had to give in. His services in connection with the Hindu Calendar Reform Committee, of which, too, he is the President, have been equally valuable and meritorious, as aided by those of his colleagues on the committee, the movement proved a complete success.

The funeral took place on Tuesday night at the Sonapur burial ground and was largely attended among those present being Dr. Bhajekhar, Dr. Nair, Dr. A. G. Viegas, Dr. Bhadgamker, Dr. Nadgir, Messrs. D. G. Padhye, G. K. Deodhar, N. V. Gokhale, G. R. Gharpure, Pandurang Javji Chawdhri.

ANDHRA REBELS FIRE ON POLICE.

DEATH OF TWO BRITISH OFFICERS.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, Oct. 3.

A press communique says:—Government have heard with great regret that a party of police consisting of two officers and 28 men who were searching for rebels in Gudem Hills were ambushed on 24th September 1922 with the result that two British Officers, Scott-Coward and Hayster and one constable were killed, one head-constable and one constable were wounded and one constable is missing. The party had visited the village of Damanapalli of the looting of which on 23rd September report had reached them and were on their way back to Sarathanapalam at the foot of the Ghats. A track runs down the side of a steep ravine and is narrow so that the party had to proceed in single file. Rebels were hidden in the jungle above the path and allowed the advance guard of 5 constables to pass without molestation but opened fire on the officers who were at the head of the main body. At the foot of the ghat the remainder of the party found Mr. Armitage, Inspector General of Police with a small force under the Assistant Superintendent of Police, Mr. Keen. Mr. Armitage attempted to go up the hill to fetch in the wounded men but was fired on from the jungle and desisted from the attempt after losing one constable. Arrangements have now been made for reinforcing the police already concentrated in the agency by the addition of a considerable number of special police from Malabar.

TRAGEDY AT COMMERCIAL GYMKHANA.

A EUROPEAN SHOOTS HIMSELF DEAD.

On Tuesday evening Mr. A. R. King, Coroner, concluded the inquest touching the death of Mr. Alfred Sydney Smith (49) Managing Director, Messrs. Leech and Weborny, who shot himself on the 26th ultimo at the Commercial Gymkhana and succumbed to the injuries on Saturday last. Inspector Spiers of the Colaba Police Station in the course of his evidence produced two letters which were found from the pocket of the deceased. The first was addressed to his Son which ran as follows:—

"My darling Les,—I have gone mad at last. You have your £240 in my despatch box. Look after mother. She has been a good mother and a wife. Why should I go mad? Mr. H. put the finishing touch on and turned my brain God bless you Less, and please forgive me. I am mad and don't know how I am writing this.—Your loving, Dad."

Another letter was addressed to Mr. H. and signed Smith stating: So you will blackball may son? You have driven me mad and God will punish you."

After some evidence was recorded, the jury returned a verdict of death from the deceased having shot himself with a revolver.

GURU-KA-BAGH ENQUIRY BEGINS.

(Associated Press.)

AMRITSAR, Oct. 3.

The arrests last evening at Guru-ka-Bagh amounted to 81 Akalis. The All-India Congress Enquiry Committee appointed to investigate into alleged police high-handedness at Guru-ka-Bagh has commenced its work. The victims amongst the people with first hand knowledge of the "unheard of excesses" committed in the name of law and order have been invited to give evidence. The Parbandhak Committee in a press communique express their hope that all such people will deem it their duty to respond. Akalis made much noise during the last night near jail singing and shouting Sat Sri Akal.

A CORRECTION.

While we are glad to learn from Mr. M. A. Kazrani that the reports of his death and funeral procession which appeared in our issues of the 28th and 30th ult. were false and that he is quite hale and hearty, we extremely regret that such reports appeared in this journal. We had no reason to suspect that the correspondent who sent the reports to us was stating a falsehood and we published the reports in the usual course. We offer our sincere apologies to Mr. Kazrani for the pain the false reports may have caused to him and his friends and relatives.

FISCAL COMMITTEE REPORT.

MR. RHODES REPLIED.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 3.

Mr. G. D. Birla, one of the members of the Fiscal Commission, has made a statement to the Associated Press concerning Mr. Rhodes' remarks on the minority report of the Fiscal Commission in the course of which he says:—I consider Sir Montagu Webb's and Mr. Rhodes' statements to the press on the minute of dissent of the Fiscal Commission as unhappy. I regret that Sir Montagu and Mr. Rhodes should have chosen to put before the public matters which should have been treated as confidential. I must at the same time make it clear that it was impossible for the minority having disagreed with the majority on the conditions imposed by them on the policy of protection, to subscribe to a policy of discrimination along the lines indicated in the report—a report which did not do full justice to the views of the minority. I am really sorry that Mr. Rhodes should have thought it fit to characterise the minority report as a political manifesto.

MR. JAMNADAS' STATEMENT.

I am surprised that my colleagues Sir Montagu Webb and Mr. Rhodes should have thought it proper to refer to private discussions that took place in the Fiscal Commission. Secrecy is an ordinary and well-understood principle governing such proceedings since no records are kept, nor can all the circumstances connected with the elucidation of any particular point be fully and accurately mentioned. I will refrain however from imitating what appears to me a regrettable breach of etiquette by giving instances where after agreement had been reached on some of the issues raised in the report, vital changes seem to have been subsequently introduced. The need for revenue is the only ground, according to the majority for increasing the import duty and the imposition in corresponding measure of the excise duty. But as pointed out by the minority, that consideration seems to have inexplicably escaped the notice of the majority in recommending the abolition of the duty on tea and some other articles, the consequence of which would be to reduce the aggregate revenue approximately by Rs. 2 crores. It is not intelligible how only on this question of the excise duty, the ability to remove which is the acid test of our power to frame the country's fiscal policy, the consideration of revenue should have arisen. Personally I believe that there is much more of agreement between the majority and the minority than of difference. The latter naturally go further than the majority on some points on which the recommendations have seemed to them halting, not to say, apologetic.

PUNJAB CONFERENCE.

RESOLUTION ON CIVIL DISOBEDIENCE.

(From our Correspondent.)

AMRITSAR, Sept. 30.

Among the resolutions taken up by the Conference was one relating to the Panchayet system. The Conference expressed an opinion that the Panchayets being established under the Punjab Village Panchayet Act are not and cannot be conducive to the best interest of the people as the agency is purely official with only a partial elected element to be carried on under official influence and patronage; and recommended people to keep themselves entirely aloof from Panchayets and refuse to participate in any capacity and to establish their own Panchayets. The resolution was moved by Lala Trilokchand seconded by Raizada Hansraj and supported by Sardar Nidhansingh.

Another important resolution placed before the Conference was that this Conference is strongly of opinion that the All India Congress Committee should take steps to introduce Civil disobedience all over the country in one form or another and requests the province to prepare itself till the next meeting of the All India Congress Committee. This resolution was moved by Pandit Rambhaj Dutt Chaudhri and seconded by Lala Bishannath it was then opposed by Lala Haveliram after Dr. Gopichand had further supported it. Pandit Santanam urged that such a resolution was meaningless at a time when the Civil Disobedience Committee was still sitting. Begam Mohammad Ali and Bi-Amman spoke on the general situation of the country after which Sardar Nidhansingh Pandit Nekiram Sharma, Pandit Dattatriya and Shrimati. Parbati Devi spoke. The first two of these opposed the resolution. Pandit Rambhaj Dutt Chaudhri replied to the arguments of those opposing after which the resolution was carried.

In another resolution the Conference recorded appreciation of the courage, self sacrifice and non-violence of the national workers and residents of the North West Frontier Province which they have shown in the face of extraordinary and continued repression of the Government and trusted that while maintaining as hitherto non-violence they would earnestly persevere in carrying to completion the programme of the Congress.

Official and Personal.

Colonel Crawford, the new General Secretary of the European Association, arrived in Calcutta on the 3rd instant from Simla to assume his new duties.

His Excellency Sir George Lloyd dined with Lieut.-Colonel H. G. Hyslop, D.S.O., and the officers of the First Battalion Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders at their mess on Monday evening.

It is understood that Mr. Abbas Tayebji has accepted the presidentship of the Kathiawar Political Conference to be held at Wadhwan camp in the next month.

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INDIAN NEWS IN BYIEF.

Delhi witnessed a huge procession on Sunday evening on the occassion of Ramleela. No untoward incident happened. (A.P.)

* * * *

Earl Winterton left Viceregal Lodge, Simla on the 30th ulto. for Peshawar. Dame Nellie Melba arrived at the Viceregal Lodge.

* * * *

The Daily "Istiqlal" which was unavoidably delayed will now come out on 4th October. It is expected to be a non-party paper conducted on national lines.

* * * *

Mr. Gandhi's birthday was celebrated at Patna. His picture was carried about the city in procession and in the evening a meeting was held in which prayers were offered. (A.P.)

* * * *

The majority report of the Frontier Committee is now under discussion of the members and it is expected to be signed by the end of this week. The minority consisting of Messrs. Rangachari and Samarth will then append their report.

* * * *

Dr. Mohmud of Patna is expected to be released from Buxar Jail on the 9th instant. The Behar Provincial Khilafat Committee has decided to observe Smyrna Day on 13th, 14th, and 15th October and to collect funds for the homeless Turks in Smyrna and Constantinople. (A.P.)

* * * *

The All-India Central Khilafat Working Committee, it is understood, has under consideration a proposal for inviting representatives from Angora, Constantinople, Mesopotamia, Egypt, Persia, Afghanistan and other Mahomedan States to attend the All-India Khilafat Conference at Gaya in December. (A.P.)

* * * *

The Colombo correspondent of the "Madras Mail" cables that it is learnt on good authority that the Australian Commonwealth Line intends breaking away from the Colombo Australian Conference and there is reason to believe that big reductions in passage and freight rates between Colombo and Australia will be announced very shortly.—(A. P.).

* * * *

The Kathiawar Hitvardhak Sabha has protected on behalf of subjects of Kathiawar States, against the Protection of Princes Bill passed by the Council of State and hopes that it would not be passed into law till its provisions are fully considered by the public. The Sabha is strongly of opinion that the Protection contemplated is against interests, welfare and happiness of nearly ten crore subjects of Indian States.

* * * *

The Moplah Amelioration Committee have opened three more relief centres in Malabar, in addition to the four centres previously opened and these are giving relief to 4,100 families of destitute Moplah women and children. The Secretary of the sub-committee reports that on a modest computation for extension of relief the whole destitute area would require no less than Rs. 30,000 every month. The Committee has under consideration the question of introducing among the destitute some home industry to enable them to earn their living.

* * * *

The Executive Committee of the Kathiawar Hitvardhak Sabha has drawn the attention of His Highness the Nawab Saheb of Junagadh to Notification No. 2 of 1922 published in the State Gazette (Dastural Amal) of the 27th June 1922 and suggests a retrograde piece of legislation as under it even purely civil and criminal cases are subjected to the interference of the Chief Executive Officer. The Committee hopes that the Premier States of Kathiawar will set a better example and will do away with any executive interference or control in purely judicial cases.

* * * *

A Punjab Government Communique states:—The "Tribune" of 23rd September published a letter from Mr. Raizada Hansraj, Bar-at-Law of Jullundur in which allusion was made to the poor state of health of Lala Kanshi Nath, B. A., L. L. B. a prisoner in Jullundur Jail. It has been ascertained that before this letter was published in the "Tribune" the District Magistrate had received a report regarding Lala Khanshi Nath's health and that after visiting the prisoner the District Magistrate ordered his release. Lala Kanshi Nath was released on 24th of September. (A. P.).

* * * *

The Behar Provincial Khilafat executive committee regrets that no general meeting of the Central Khilafat Comittee, notwithstanding the gravity of the present situation has been called yet. It requests the Central Khilafat Committee to call its general meeting before the 12th instant at any central place like Lucknow, Delhi, Cawnpore or Allahabad to facilitate adequate attendance of representatives from all provinces. In case of non-compliance within specified time a general meeting of the Central Khilafat will be called in consultation with other provinces. Mr. Mohammed Abdul Ghani, Assistant Secretary Provincial Khilafat Committee Patna is entrusted to correspond with other provinces and take necessary steps.

NADIAD MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
AHMEDABAD, Sept. 30.

17 non-cooperating members of the Nadiad Municipality having resigned on the resolution of the Government of Bombay to hand back the management of the [illegible] schools [illegible] as a result of which 8 persons have been declared elected of whom two untouchables and one is a Municipal peon.

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Saved from the Grave.

I am neither an advertising physician nor a doctor of medicines but an ordinary clerk. In the prime of youth I unconsciously fell into evil habits which in a year and a half reduced me to a complete wreck. My friends often enquired from me the cause of my "breakdown", which for very shame I could not apprise them of, but secretly sent for medicine from all the famous physians whose grandiloquent advertisements resounded the newspaper world. To my ill-luck, despair and disappointment stared me in the face wherever I looked until I began to prefer death to life. The wheel of fortune, however, took a new revolution and I was suddenly called upon in July 1901, to undertake, in connection with my employment, a very dreary journey to Nepal which, dotted over with short breaks on the way, took me thirteen days to reach Khatmandoo, where I put up in a *caravauserai*. Adjoining to my room there had sojourned a day or two previously and aged-looking hermit who enquired from me the nature of my illness in such a loving tone that I was coaxed into a reluctant exposure of my long-hidden treasure of shameful secrets.

Taking pity upon me he scratched out two prescriptions and in accordance with his directions I prepared from herbs and vegetables some tonic pills and other necessary medicines.

GOD TO WITNESS.

Only a week's treatment cured me of all the complaints that had made my life so burdensome that I looked upon suicide as the only avenue of escape from this "living death." Although by virtue of this short treatment I considered myself entirely cured, I was obliged to observe the necessary prevention and to undergo the full course of treatment for 21 days which gave such a vigour to my deranged nervous system that it would smack of immodesty to render the proud effects in black and white. After the completion of my mission there I reached home and experimented the remaining medicine upon some of the hopeless cases and found it an infallible remedy for all sorts of nervine diseases and every kind of general physical debility. On the persistent demands of some of my prudent and philanthropic friends and with a view to public weal I advertised this medicine for those unhappy creatures who had incapacitated themselves for the healthy enjoyment of life. The price advertised hardly covers the expenses of its preparation and advertising operations.

Price 1 Phial of liniment Rs. 2-8 } excluding postal
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Price 1 full box containing 1 phial of liniment and three boxes of pills Rs. 7, including transit expenses.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

One pill to be taken in the morning and one in the evening with fresh water or cow milk. Liniment to be applied once in 24 hours either during the day time or in the night.

The medicine is absolutely free from all Poisonous or Mercurial elements.

[illegible] medicine has benefitted thousands of people mentioned in the [illegible] along with others make a voluminous book in itself Some [illegible] not allow us to insert their full testimonials and hence we [illegible] same time this is published only with a view to give [illegible] edicine.

TESTIMONIALS.

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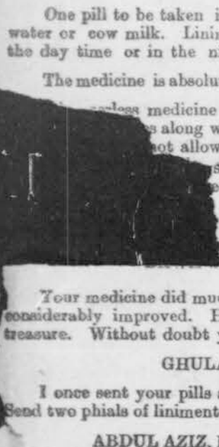

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